



KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN TINGGI

POLITEKNIK
MALAYSIA
KUALA TERENGGANU

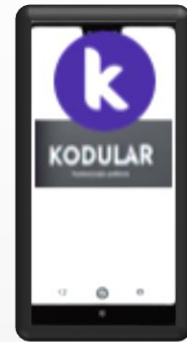


KODULAR CREATOR FOR BEGINNER

WRITTEN BY:

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KODULAR CREATOR FOR BEGINNER



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Preface

Thanks be to Allah S.WT because with his abundant grace this book was able to be completed within the set time period. This book is an introduction to mobile-based development applications. This book helps non-IT individuals to build simple applications.

Kodular is a user-friendly drag-and-drop mobile app development platform designed for creating Android applications without the need for coding. It provides an intuitive interface where users can design app layouts by simply dragging and dropping various components.

With its visual programming environment, users can create app functionalities by connecting blocks, eliminating the need for writing code manually.

The authors hopes you enjoy learning block programming. We welcome with an open heart any constructive views and comments on this book.

May God bless you.

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About Kodular



Introduction

Kodular is a popular drag-and-drop mobile app development platform that allows users to create Android applications without needing to write code. It provides a user-friendly interface where developers, even those without extensive programming knowledge, can design and build fully functional apps.

History

Kodular was founded by Arun Saigal, Sander Jochems, and Mika Niinimäki in 2017. It was initially inspired by MIT App Inventor, an educational tool for creating Android applications. The founders aimed to enhance the functionalities and ease of use of App Inventor, leading to the creation of Kodular.



About Kodular



Features

▶ Drag-and-Drop Interface

Kodular offers an intuitive drag-and-drop interface, allowing users to design app layouts and functionality by simply dragging components onto the screen.

▶ Wide Range of Components

Kodular provides a variety of components, such as buttons, labels, text boxes, sensors, multimedia, and more, which users can utilize to add functionality to their apps.

About Kodular



Built-in Blocks Editor

Users can define the behavior of their app by using Kodular's blocks editor, which resembles puzzle pieces. It follows a visual programming paradigm, where users connect blocks to create logical sequences and actions.

Extensions Support

Kodular allows developers to create and use extensions, which are additional components or functionalities not included in the default Kodular setup. This feature enables users to extend the capabilities of their apps further.

About Kodular



▶ **Cloud-based Compilation**

Kodular boasts an active and supportive community of developers and users. The platform provides forums where users can ask questions, share their projects, and seek assistance from fellow community members and Kodular staff.

▶ **Multi-platform Support**

While Kodular primarily focuses on Android app development, it also provides features for creating apps compatible with Android Wear OS and Android TV.

About Kodular



▶ Community and Support

Kodular offers cloud-based compilation, meaning users can compile their apps directly on Kodular's servers without needing to set up complicated development environments on their local machines.

▶ Monetization

Kodular supports various monetization options for apps, including displaying advertisements through AdMob integration, in-app purchases, and premium subscriptions. This allows developers to generate revenue from their apps.

About Kodular



▶ Education and Learning

Kodular is often used as an educational tool to introduce students and beginners to app development concepts. Its visual interface and simplified programming approach make it accessible to learners of all ages.

▶ Privacy and Security

Kodular emphasizes privacy and security in app development. It provides features to protect users' data and comply with privacy regulations, such as GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation).

About Kodular



Open Source

While Kodular itself is not entirely open source, it supports the development and integration of open-source extensions and components.



Summary

Overall, Kodular is a versatile platform that democratizes mobile app development by making it accessible to a broader audience, including beginners, educators, and experienced developers alike. Its user-friendly interface, extensive feature set, and supportive community make it a popular choice for creating Android applications without the need for traditional coding skills.

General Step

Preparing The Screen

- 1 Sign in or register if you are a new user
- 2 Create the new project and type the project name
- 3 Write your application name
- 4 Write your package name
- 5 Upload the image by clicking the assets menu





General Step

Layout

- 1 User Interface Design

Block

- 1 This block will make animation when loginButtonShowHide has been clicked



Create Login Screen With Animation

This is a list of component that you will use

Vertical Scroll Arrangement as Container

Space

Image

Label

Text Box

Button

Animation Utilities

Connectivity Utilities

Web

Tiny DB

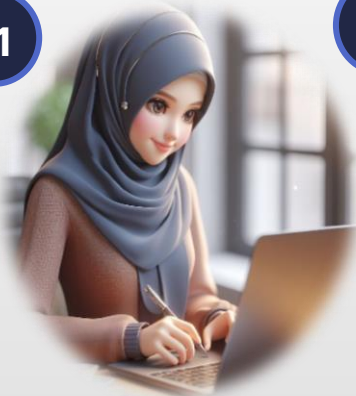


Create Login Screen With Animation



Before continue into the tutorial, don't forget to prepare:

01



02



03



End of that you must



Preparing The **SCREEN**



Preparing The Screen

Open Kodular.io

1

Convert your ideas into apps with Kodular Creator!

The best online drag-and-drop app creator without coding, and for free!

GET STARTED

+ MORE FEATURES



Create Account

2

An illustration of a woman with long dark hair, wearing a purple top and pink pants, sitting on a white cloud. She is holding a smartphone. There are small red plants growing from the cloud.

Sign Up
Create your Kodular Account




Enter your name*

Enter your email*

Already have an account?
Sign in instead

Next

Or sign up with



Preparing The Screen

Create Project

3

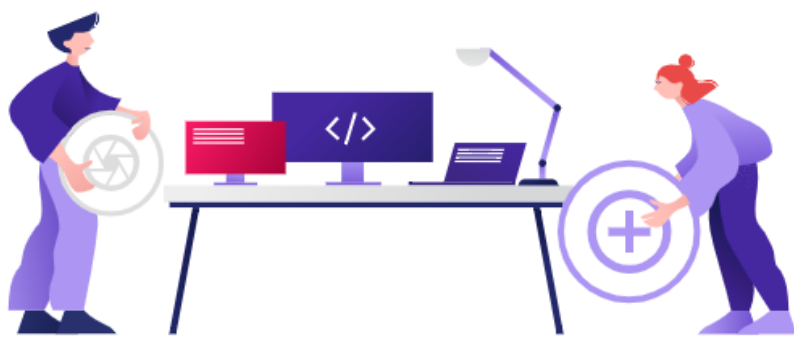
Create project

Project Name

4

Give Project Name as myFirstKodolor, then click Next.

Create new project



Give your new project a name

Cancel Next

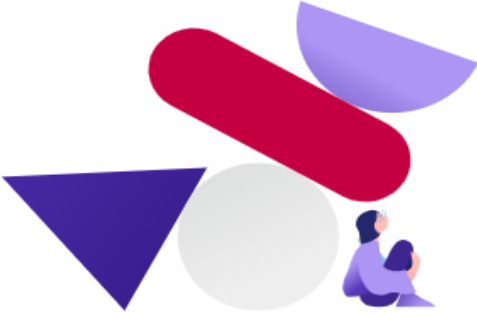
Preparing The Screen

Create Account

5

Give App Name as myFirstKodolor, then click Finish.

Configure your project
These settings can be changed later



App Name

Theme

Minimum SDK Level

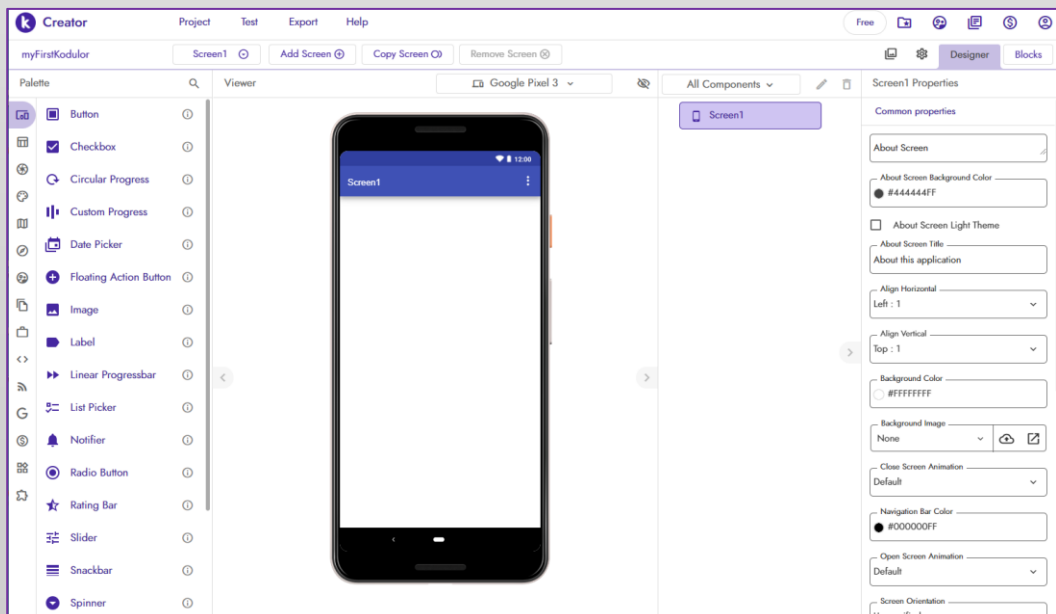
Package Name

Primary Color

Workspace

6

Your workspace appear! Yeay!



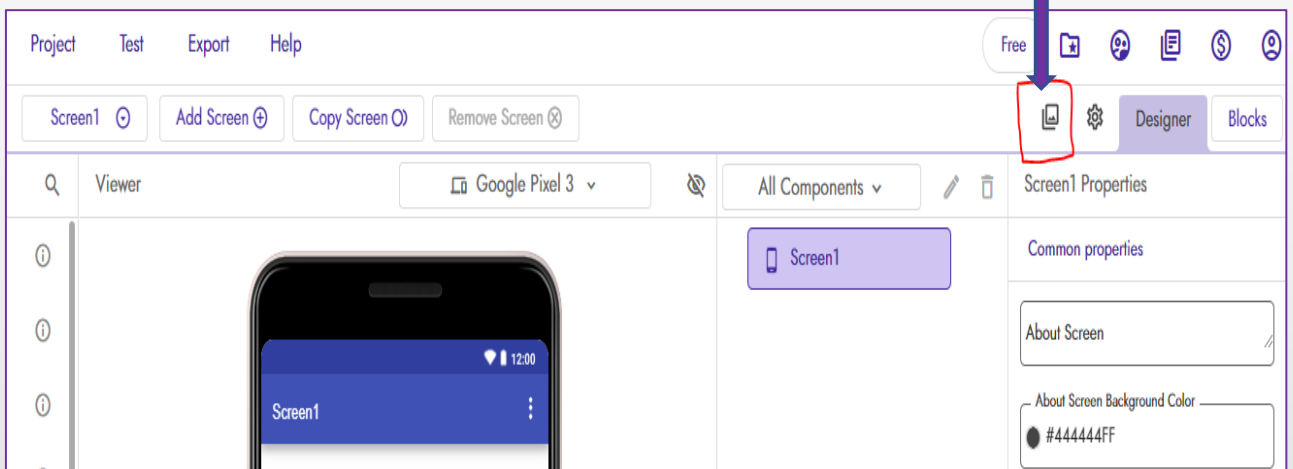
Preparing The Screen

Upload Image

7

Upload the image to assets

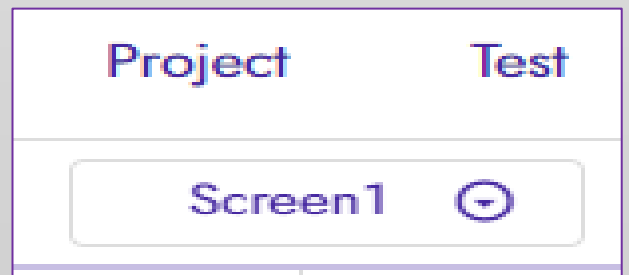
Click here



Project Name

8

8.1 – Click the screen1 find the background image, choose the image.



Preparing The Screen

Project Name

8

8.2 – Click the screen1 find the background image, choose the image.

Screen1 Properties

Common properties

About Screen

About Screen Background Color #444444FF

About Screen Light Theme

About Screen Title
About this application

Align Horizontal
Left : 1

Align Vertical
Top : 1

Background Color #FFFFFF

Background Image
background.jpeg

Close Screen Animation
Default

Navigation Bar Color #000000FF

Open Screen Animation
Default

8.3 – Click the screen1 find the background



Preparing The **LAYOUT**



Preparing The Layout

Remove The Title Bar And Status Bar From Screen

Option Menu

1

In Screen1 Properties, uncheck the show options menu, show status bar and title visible. This make a full screen application

Screen1 Properties

- Scrollable
- Show Options Menu
- Show Status Bar

Title

Screen1

Title Bar Font Typeface

Default

Title Bar Subtitle

Title Visible



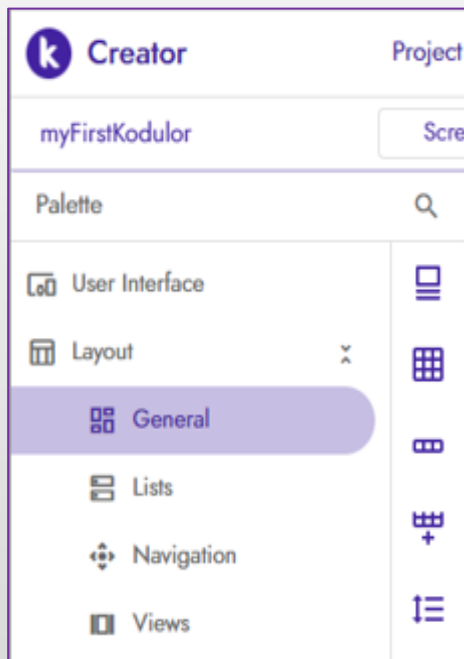
Preparing The Layout

Choose Layout

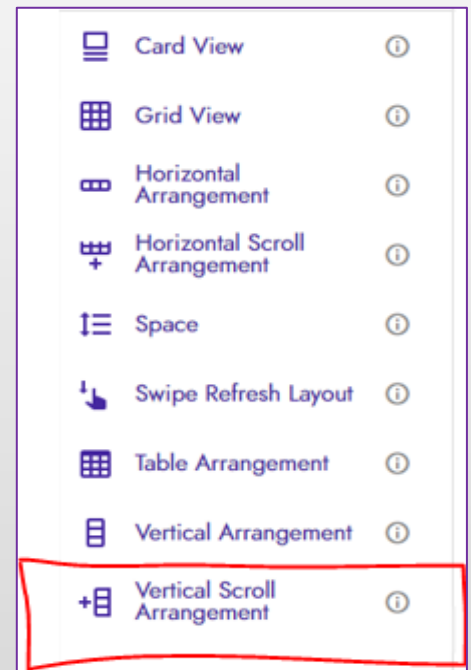
2

Choose layout palette from the left side, then choose General and drag Vertical Scroll Arrangement component into the screen.

2.1

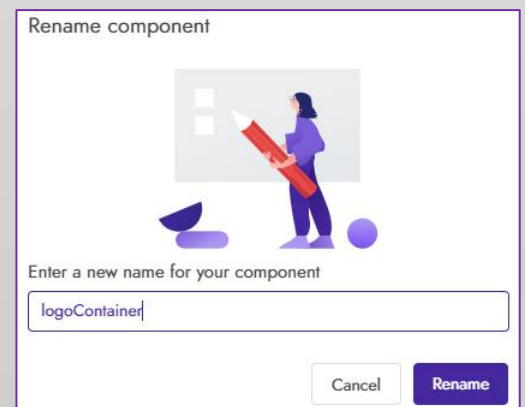
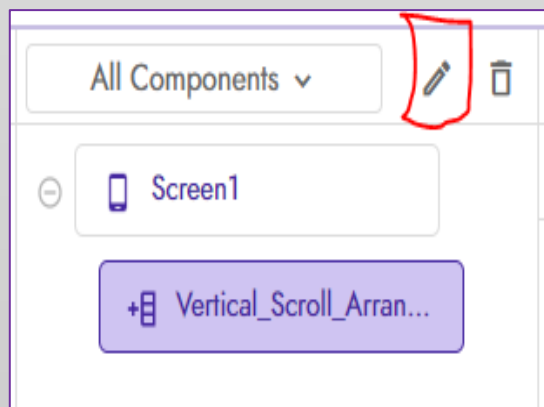


2.2



Rename the component into "**logoContainer**".

2.3

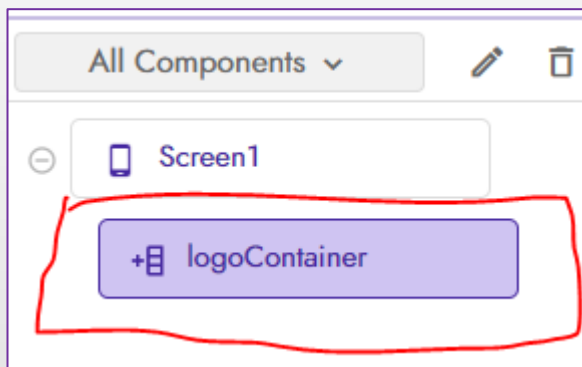


Preparing The Layout

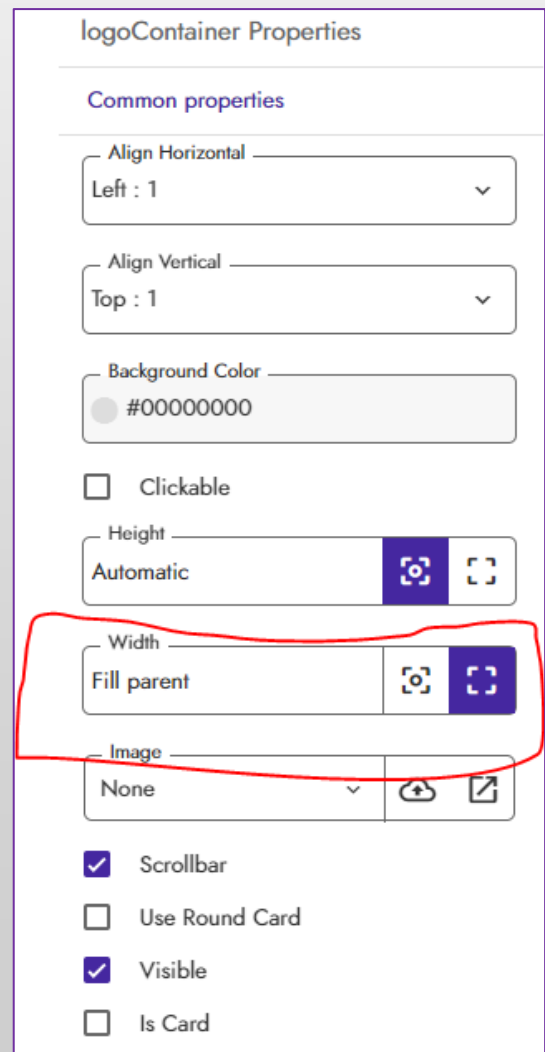
Choose Layout

2

2.4 Click "logoContainer".



2.5 Change Width to Fill parent.

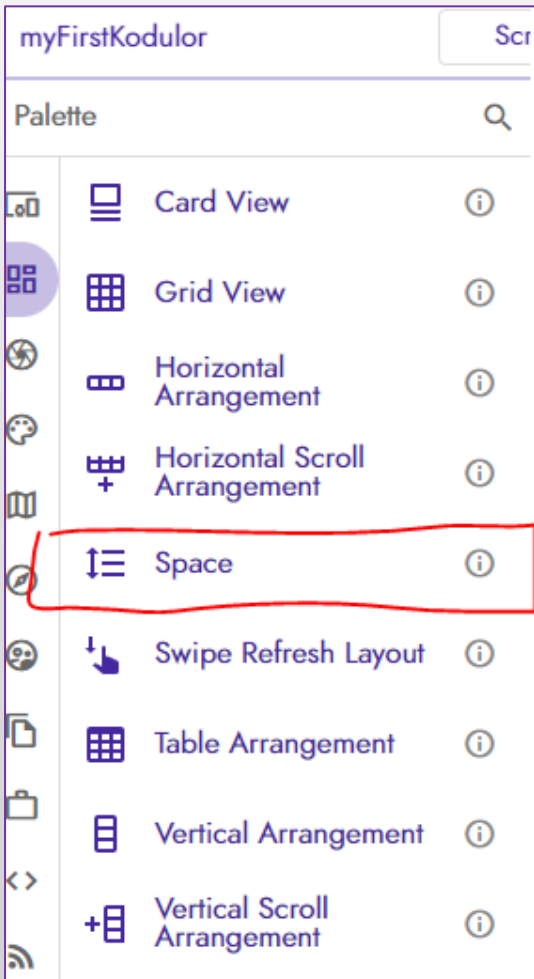


Preparing The Layout

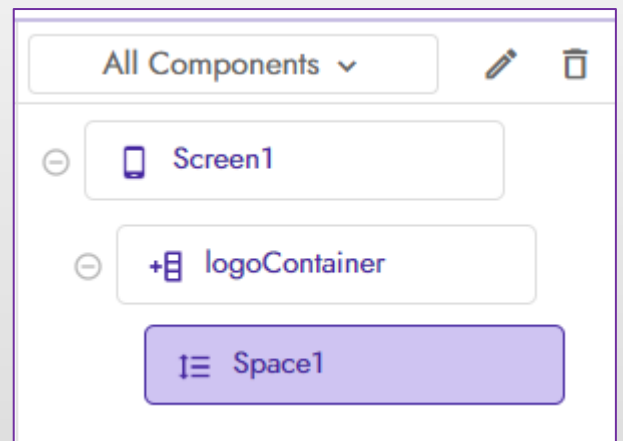
Choose Layout

2

2.6 Drag space to logoContainer



2.7 Click "Space1".

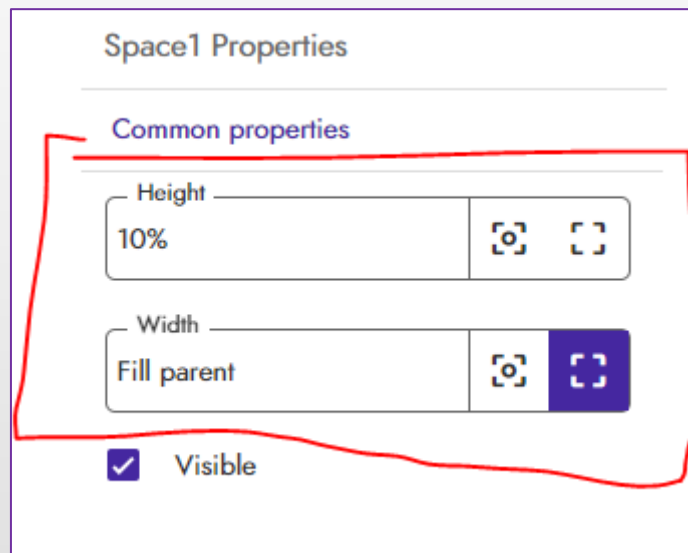


Preparing The Layout

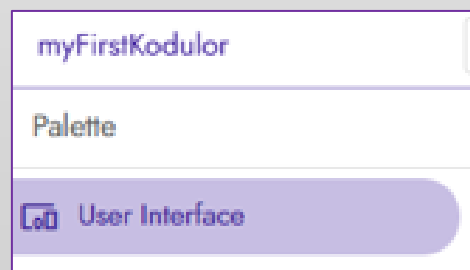
Choose Layout

2

2.8 Change Height to 10% and width to Fill parent “.



2.9 Click “User Interface “.

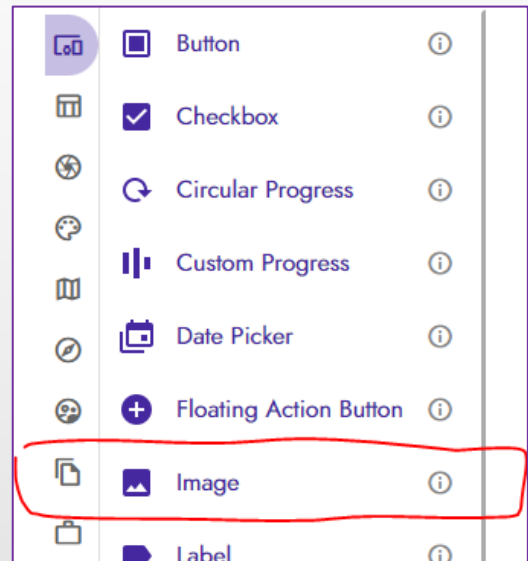


Preparing The Layout

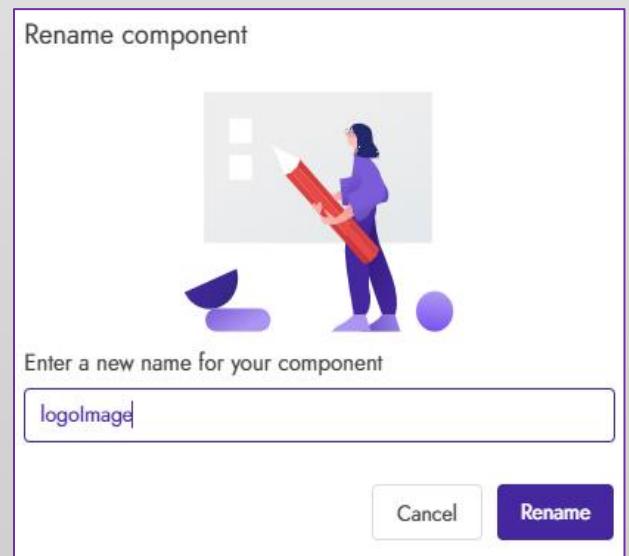
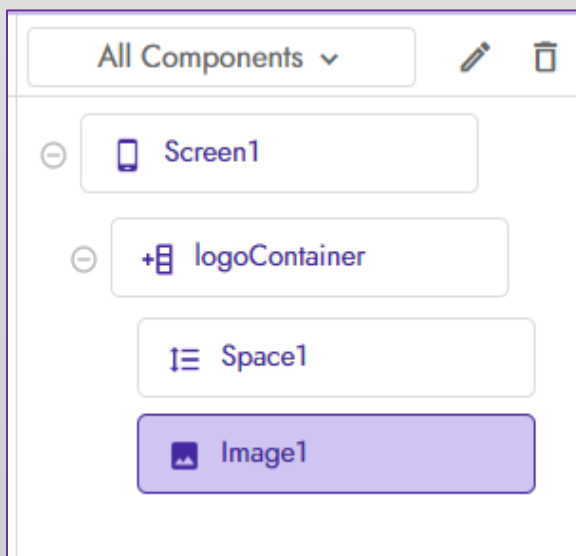
Drag Image

3

3.1 Drag **“Image”** to logoContainer put it below the **“Space1”**.



3.2 Click **“Image”** component then rename to logoImage.

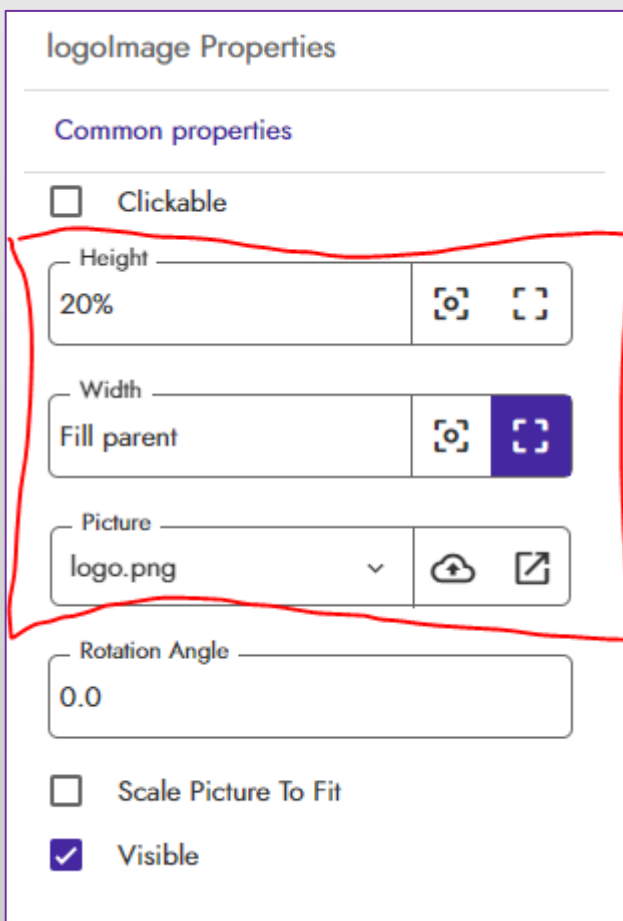
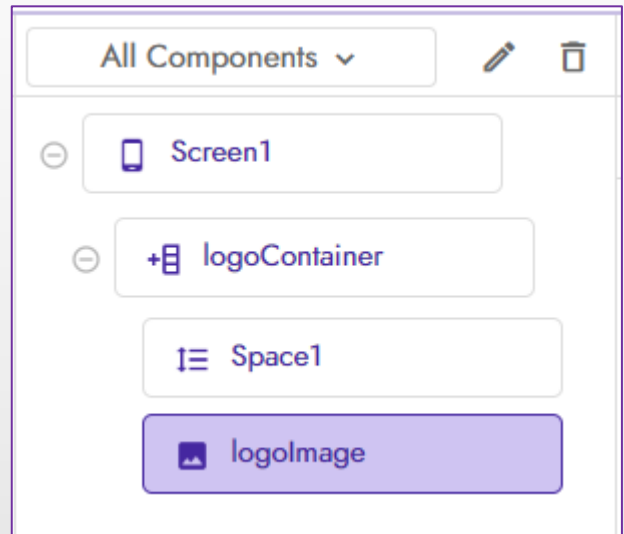


Preparing The Layout

Drag Image

3

3.3 Click "logoImage".



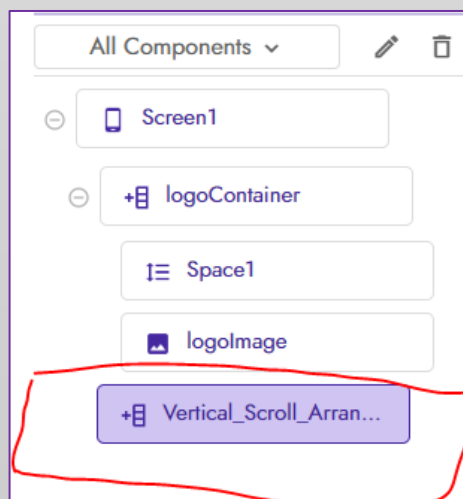
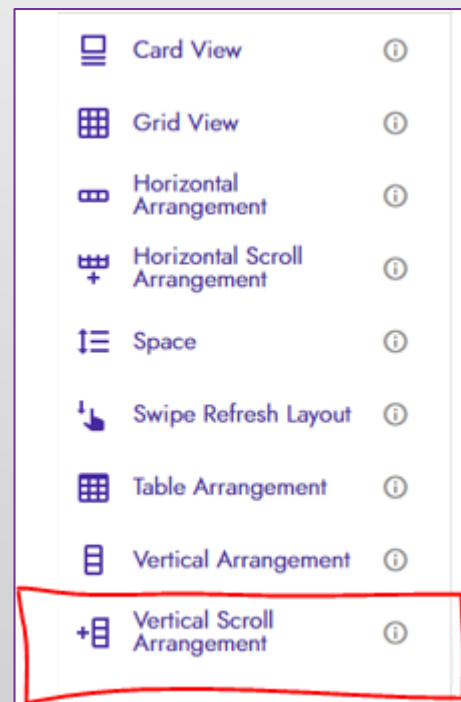
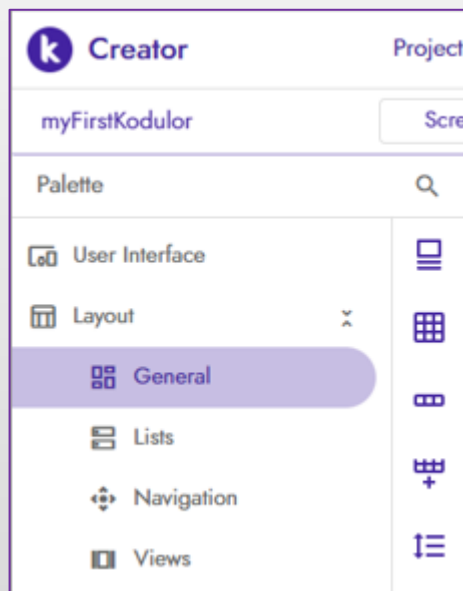
3.4 Change Height to 20%, Width to Fill parent and Choose Picture logo.png in drop down list

Preparing The Layout

Drag Image

3

3.5 Drag a new vertical Scroll Arrangement, and put below the **logoContainer**, rename the component to "**HideShowContainer**"




Preparing The Layout

Drag Image

3

Rename component



Enter a new name for your component

Cancel Rename

HideShowContainer



Preparing The Layout

Drag Image

3

3.6 Set the properties for “HideShowContainer”

HideShowContainer Properties

Common properties

Align Horizontal
Left : 1

Align Vertical
Top : 1

Background Color
#00000000

Clickable

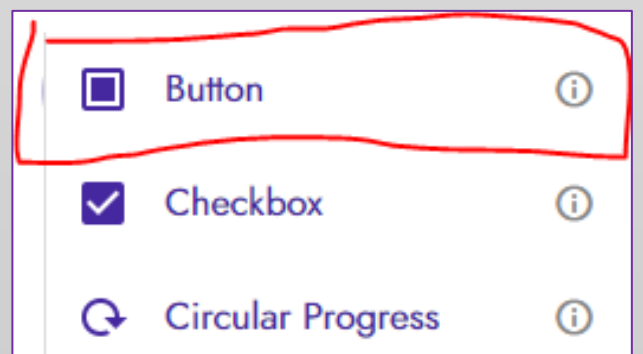
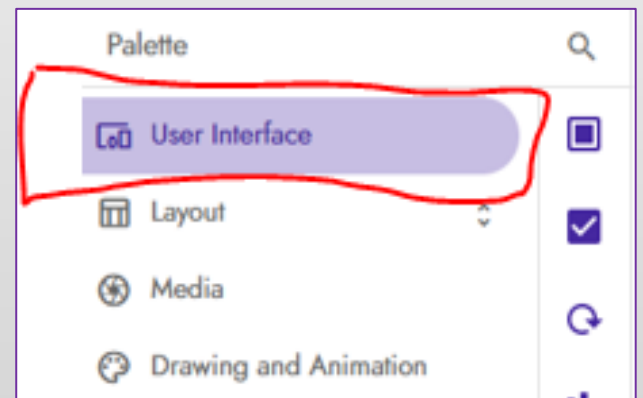
Height
10%

Width
Fill parent

Image
None

Scrollbar
 Use Round Card
 Visible
 Is Card

3.7 Choose layout palette from the left side, then choose User Interface component and drag **TWO (2)** buttons to **HideShowContainer**.

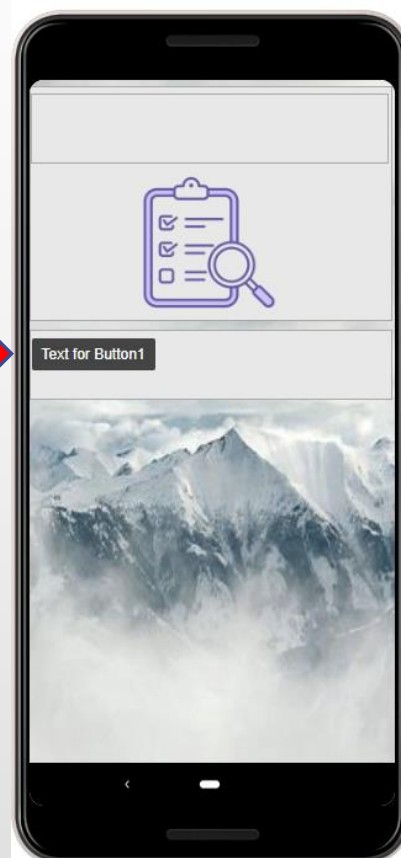


Preparing The Layout

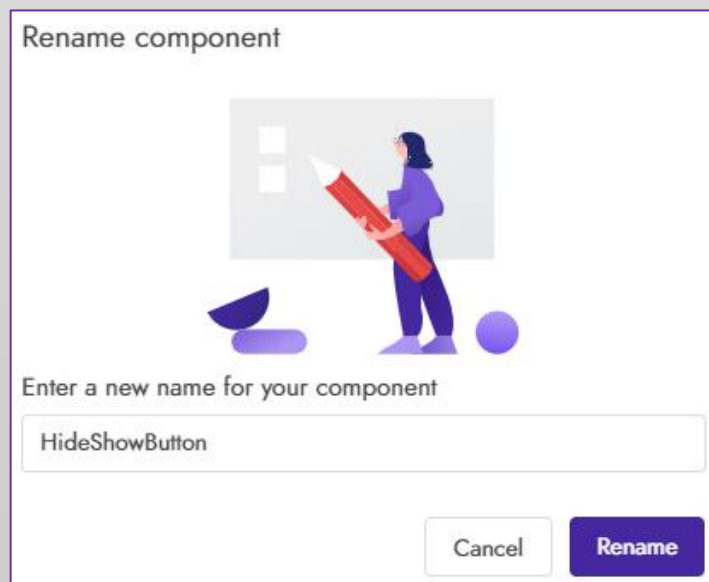
Drag Image

3

3.8 Drag both buttons to **HideShowContainer**



3.9 Rename for both buttons to **"HideShowButtonLogin"** and **"HideShowButtonRegister"**



Preparing The Layout

Set Properties

4

4.1 Set the properties for “HideShowButtonLogin” and “HideShowButtonRegister” as in picture 4.1a and 4.1b

4.1a

HideShowButton Properties

Common properties

Background Color

Enabled



Font Bold

Font Italic

Font Size

Font Typeface

4.1b

Height  






Width  

Image   

Shape

Text

Text Alignment

Text Color

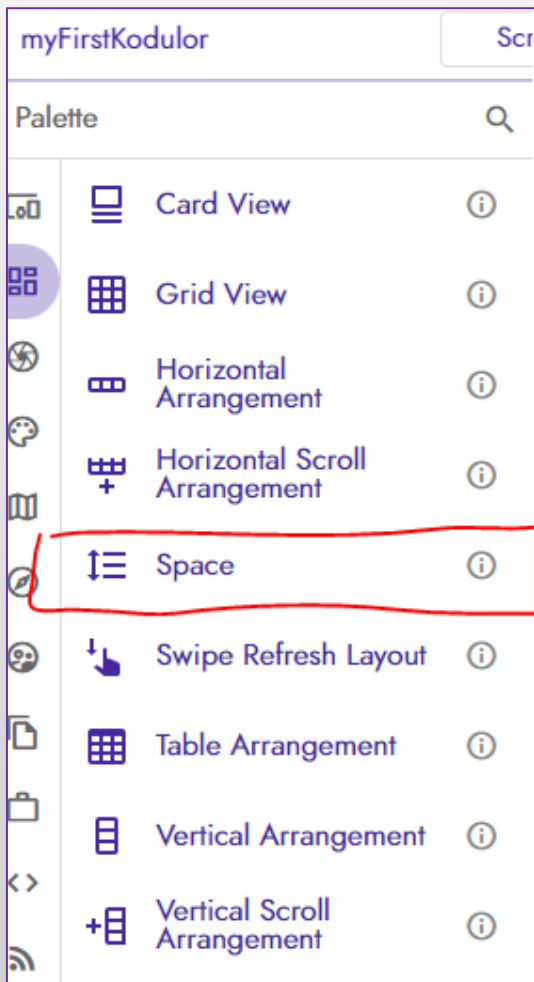
Visible

Preparing The Layout

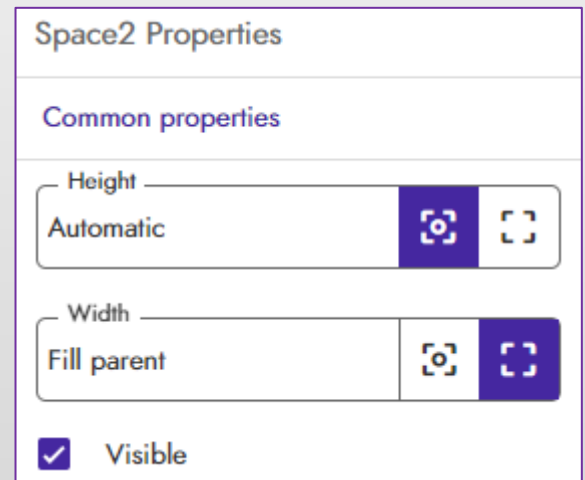
Space

5

5.1a Drag space below the logoContainer



5.1b Set Space Propertise.



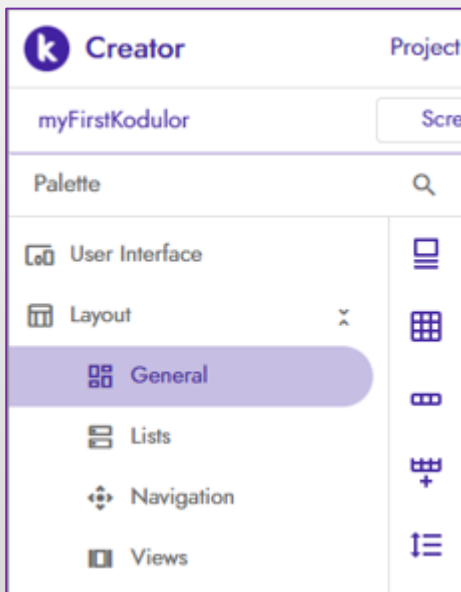
Preparing The Layout

Layout Palette

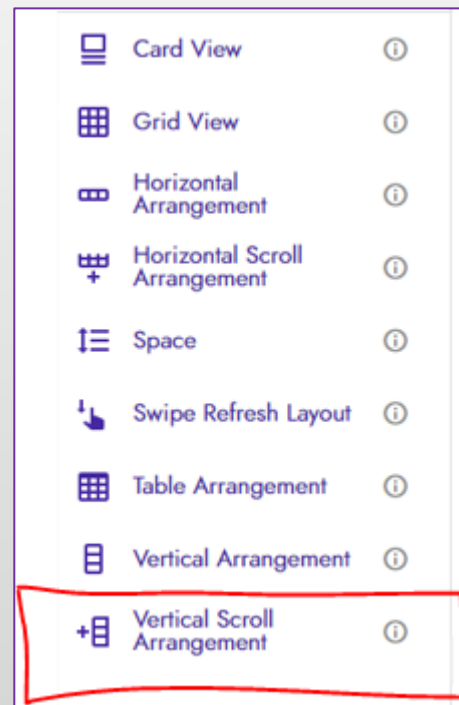
6

Choose layout palette from the left side, then choose Vertical Scroll Arrangement component and drag into the screen below "Space2".

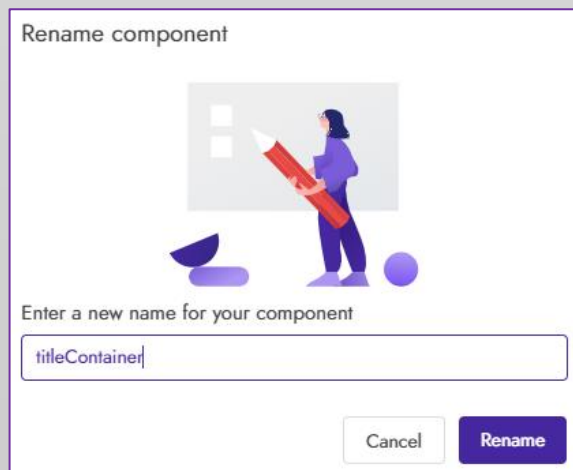
6.1



6.2



6.3



Rename as
titleContainer

Preparing The Layout

Layout Palette

6

6.4 Set properties for titleContainer

titleContainer Properties

Common properties

Align Horizontal
Left : 1

Align Vertical
Top : 1

Background Color
#00000000

Clickable

Height
20%

Width
Fill parent

Image
None

Scrollbar

Use Round Card

Visible

Is Card

6.5 Drag Label into titleContainer

Palette

Button

Checkbox

Circular Progress

Custom Progress

Date Picker

Floating Action Button

Image

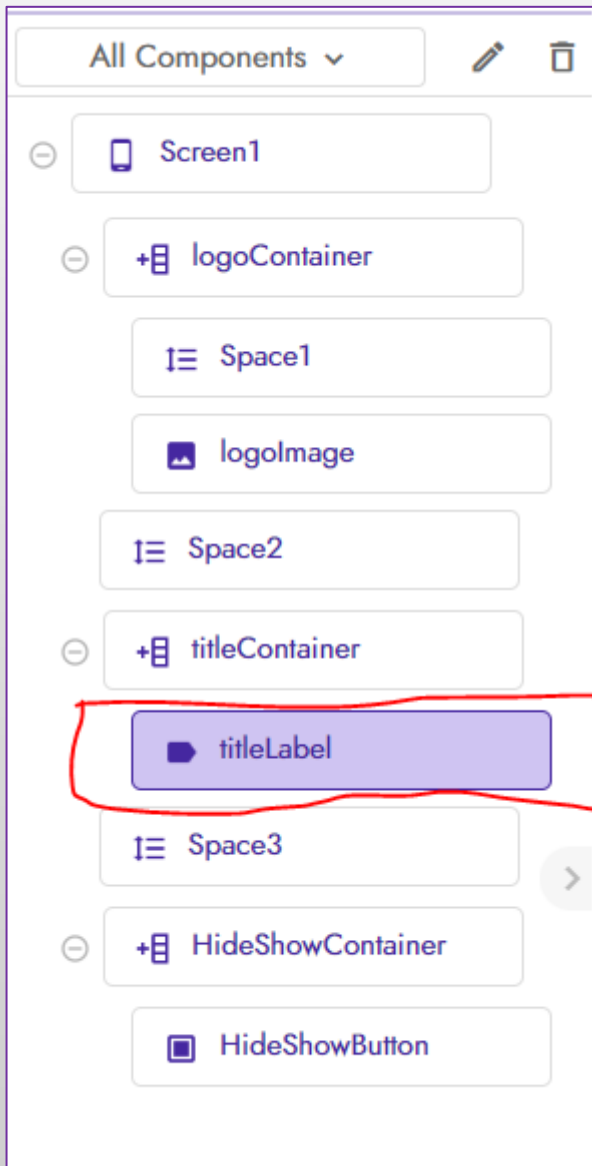
Label

Preparing The Layout

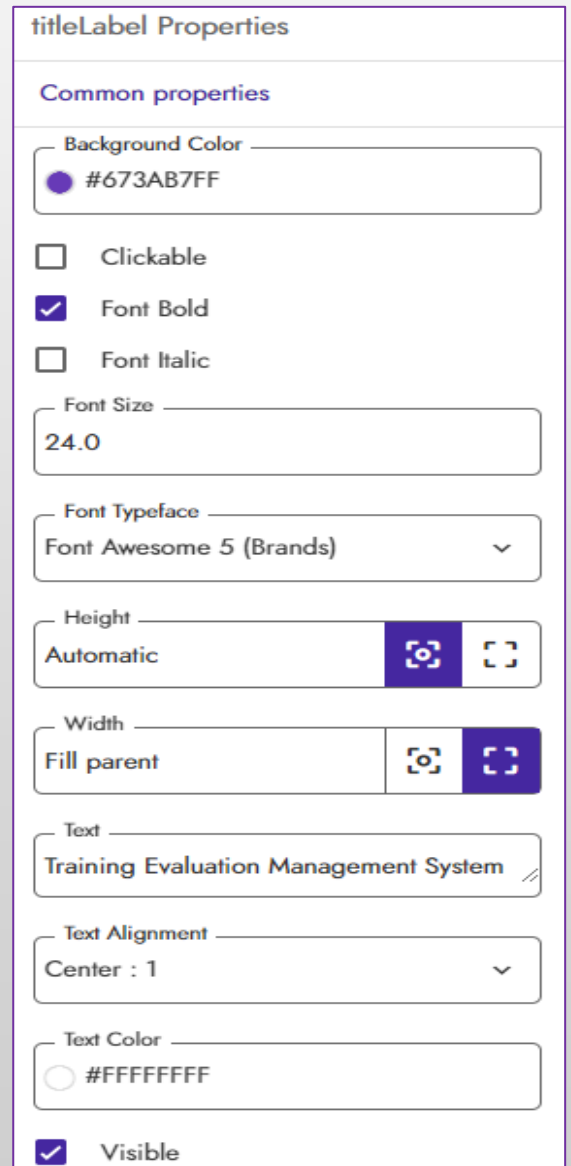
Layout Palette

6

6.6 Rename as **titleContainer**



6.7 Set properties for **"titleLabel"**

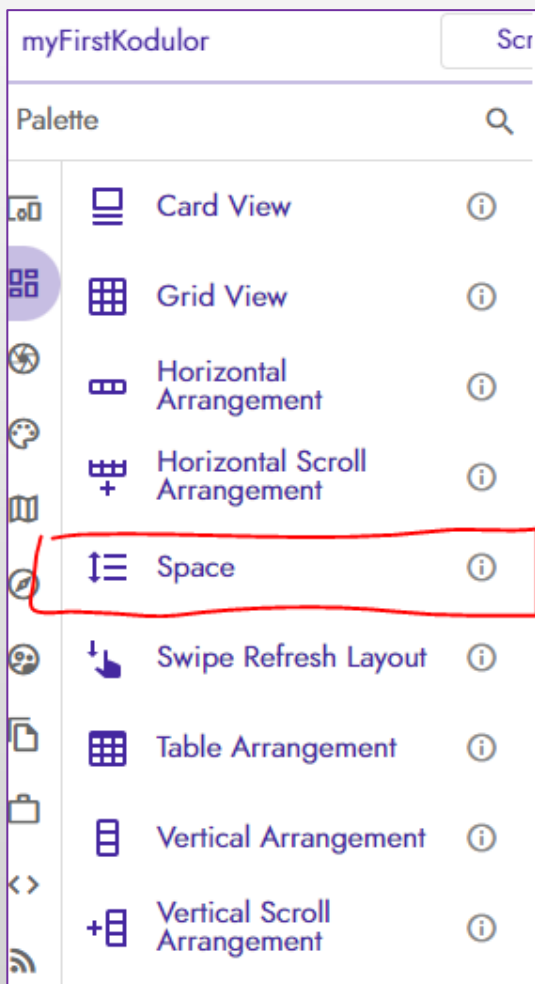


Preparing The Layout

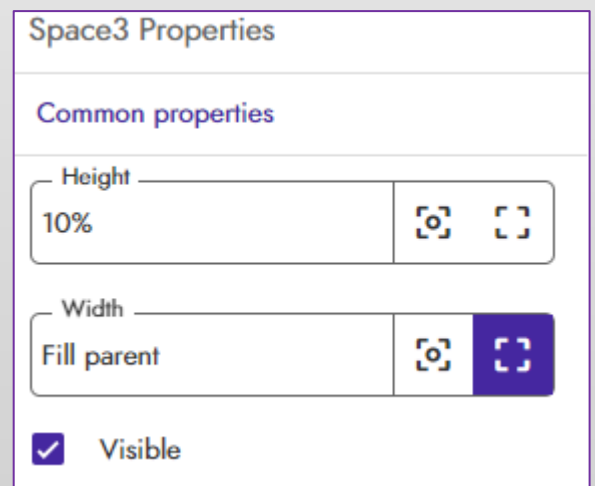
Drag Space

7

7.1 Drag space below the titleContainer



7.2 Set Space Propertise.

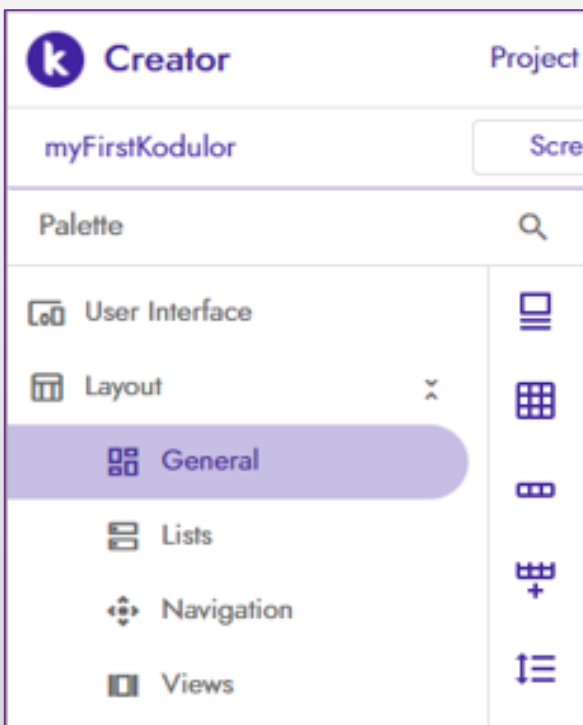


Preparing Login Form

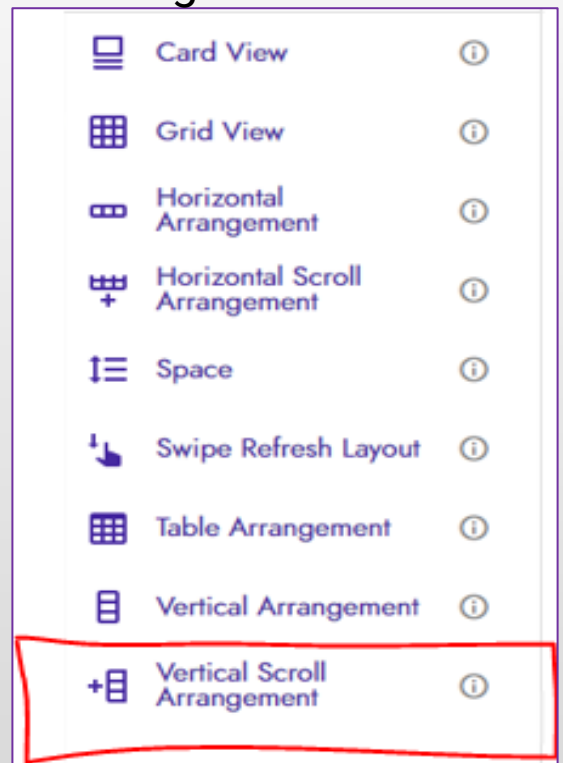
Login

8

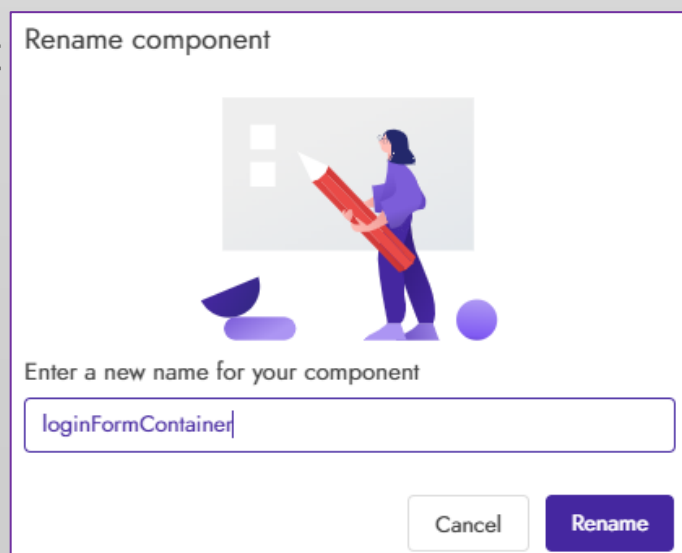
8.1 Choose layout palette from the left side, choose General.



8.2 Choose Vertical Scroll Arrangement component and drag into the screen.



8.3 Rename Vertical Scroll Arrangement component to "loginFormContainer"



Preparing Login Form

Login

8

8.3 Set properties "loginFormContainer"

loginFormContainer Properties

Common properties

Align Horizontal
Center : 3

Align Vertical
Top : 1

Background Color
#673AB7FF

Clickable

Height
Fill parent

Width
Fill parent

Image
None

Scrollbar

Use Round Card

Visible

Is Card

8.4 Drag space into the loginFormContainer

myFirstKodolor

Palette

Card View

Grid View

Horizontal Arrangement

Horizontal Scroll Arrangement

Space

Swipe Refresh Layout

Table Arrangement

Vertical Arrangement

Vertical Scroll Arrangement

Preparing Login Form



Login



8

8.5 Set Space4 Properties.

Space4 Properties

Common properties

Height  


Width  

Visible

8.6 Drag Label below the Space4, then Set Label1 properties.

Label1 Properties

Common properties


Background Color 



Clickable



Font Bold

Font Italic


Font Size


Font Typeface 

Height  

Width  

Text

Text Alignment 



Text Color 



Visible

8.7 Drag Space below the Label1, then Set Space8 properties.

Space8 Properties

Common properties

Height  

Width  

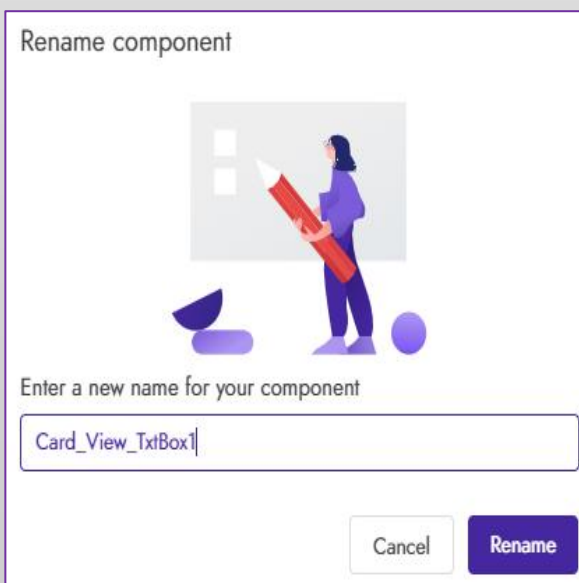
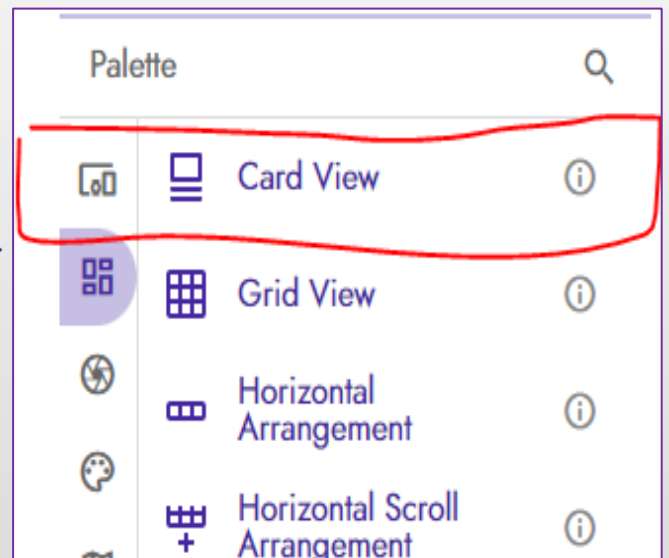
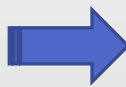
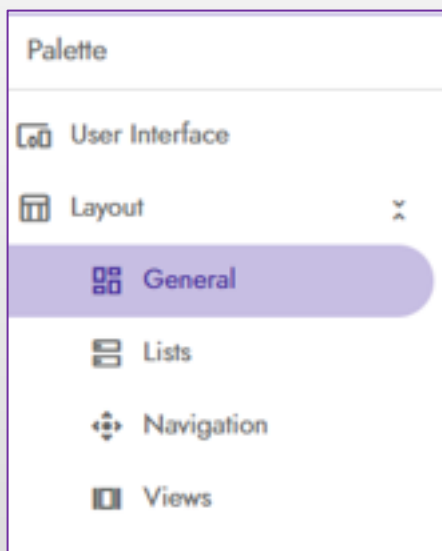
Visible

Preparing The Layout

Layout Palette

9

9.1 Choose layout palette from the left side, then choose Card View component and drag into loginFormContainer below "Space4".



9.2 Rename Card View component as **Card_View_TxtBox1**







Preparing The Layout

Layout Palette

9

9.3 Set properties to Card_View_TxtTBox1

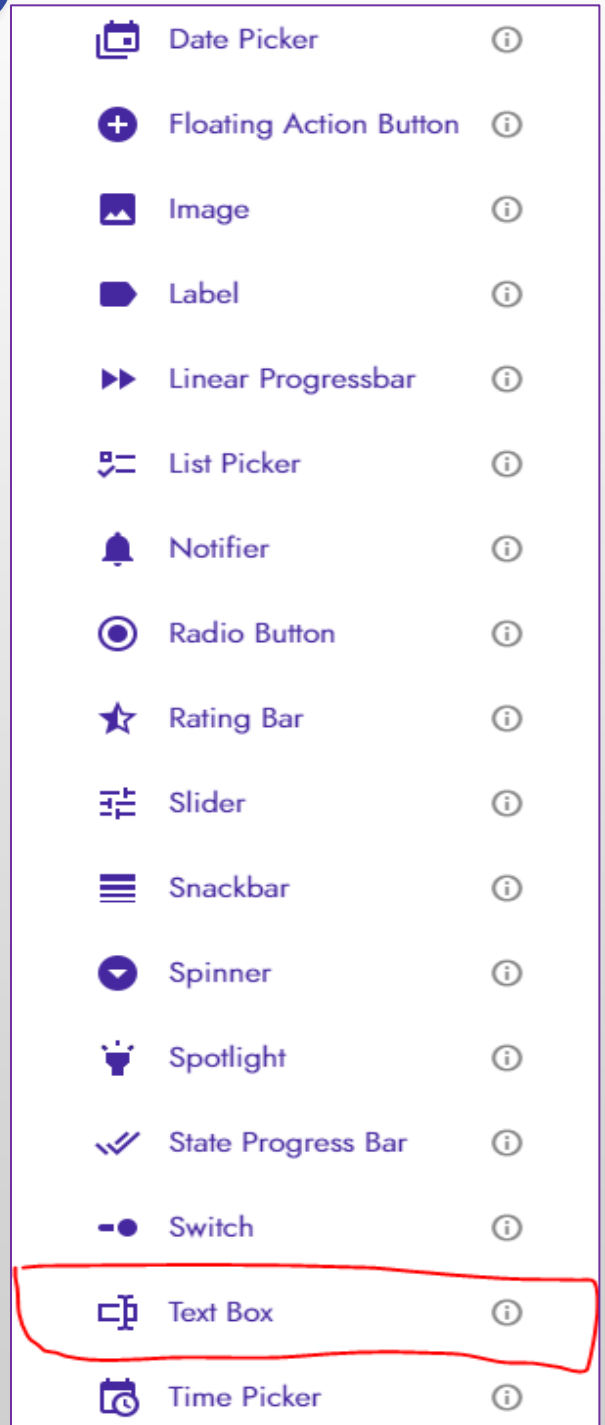
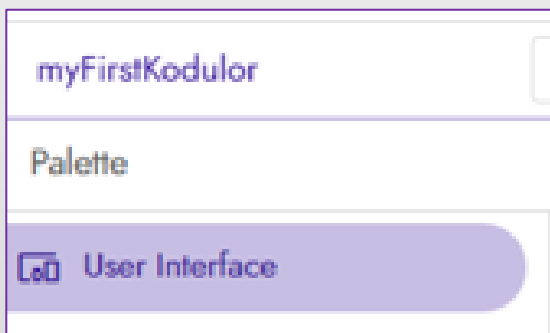
Card_View_TxtBox1 Properties	
Common properties	
Align Horizontal	Center : 3
Align Vertical	Center : 2
Background Color	<input type="radio"/> #FFFFFF
Content Padding Bottom	0
Content Padding Left	15
Content Padding Right	0
Content Padding Top	0
Corner Radius	10
Elevation	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Full Clickable	
Height	8%  
Width	300px  

Preparing The Layout

Layout Palette

10

10.1 Choose layout palette from the left side, then choose User Interface component and drag TextBox into **Card_View_TxtBox1**.

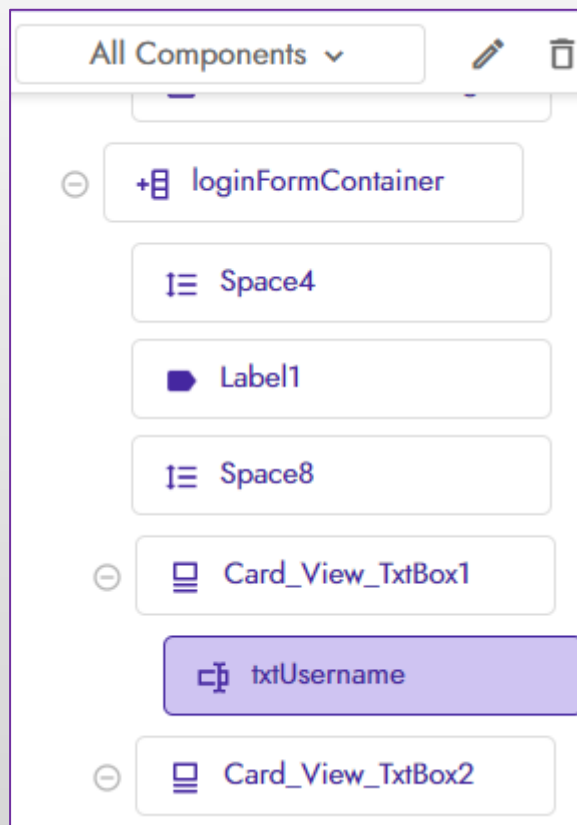


Preparing The Layout

Layout Palette

10

10.2 Rename TextBox to **txtUsername**



Preparing The Layout

Layout Palette

10

10.3 Setting the properties of txtUsername

txtUsername Properties

Common properties

Background Color

Enabled



Error Text



Font Bold

Font Italic

Font Size

Font Typeface

Height  

Width  

Hint

Hint Color

Input Type

Multiline

Read Only

Text

Text Alignment



Text Color

Visible

Advanced properties

Cursor Color

Cursor Visible

Font Typeface Import  

Highlight Color

Max Lines

Rotation Angle

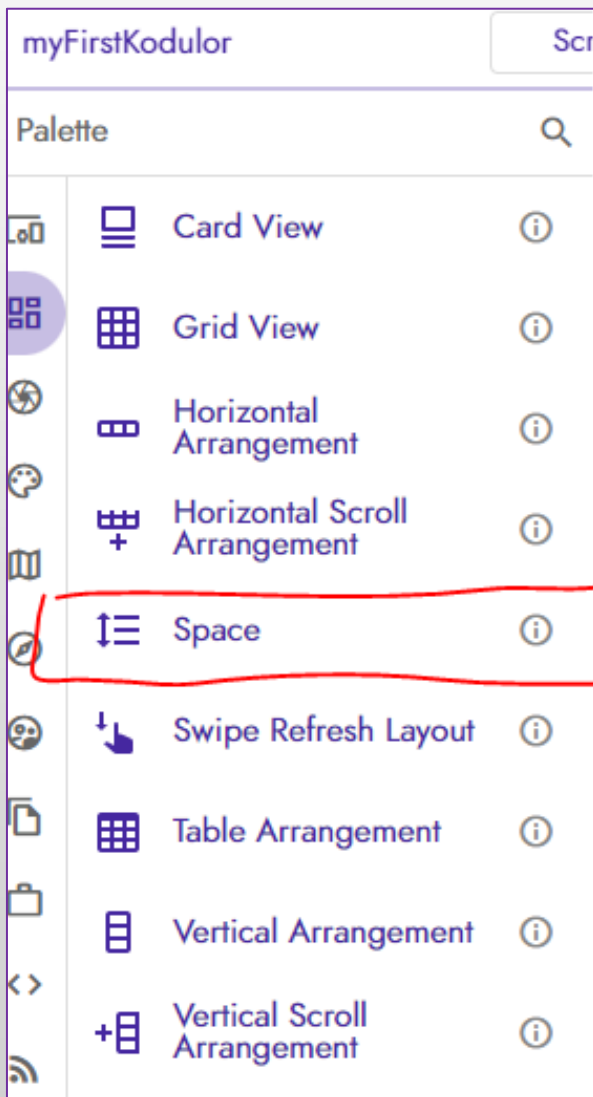


Preparing The Layout

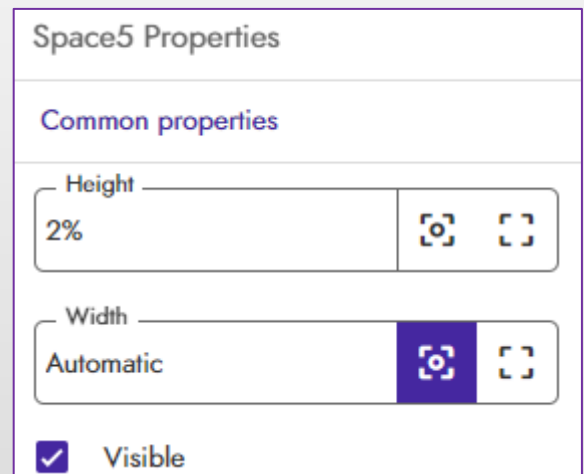
Layout Palette

11

11a. Drag space below the Card_View_TxtBox1



11b. Set Space Properties.



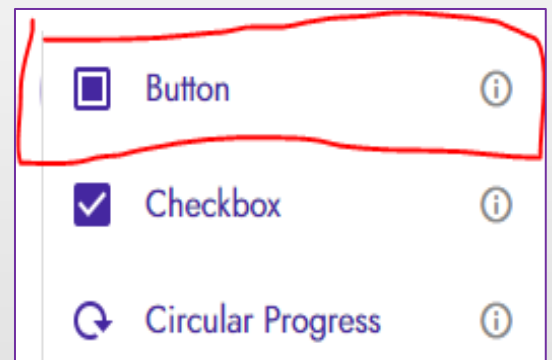
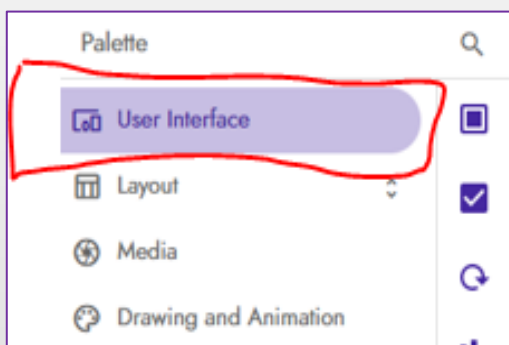
Repeat steps in slide 44 until 48. Give the Card View name as "Card_View_TxtBox2" and TextBox as "txtPassword".

Preparing The Layout

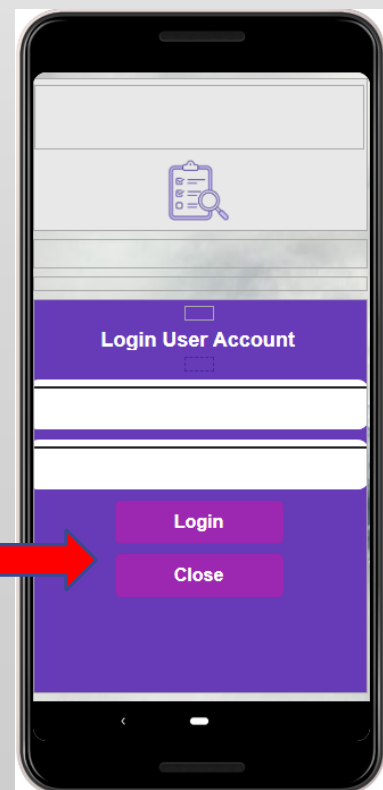
Layout Palette

12

12.1 Choose layout palette from the left side, then choose User Interface component and drag TWO(2) buttons to **loginFormContainer**.



12.2 Drag both buttons to loginFormContainer




Preparing The Layout

Layout Palette

12

12.3 Rename both buttons to “loginButton” and “closeLoginButton”

Rename component



Enter a new name for your component

12.4 Set properties for both buttons.

loginButton Properties

Common properties

Background Color

Enabled

Font Bold

Font Italic

Font Size

Font Typeface

Height

Width

Image

Shape

Text

Text Alignment

Text Color

Preparing The Layout

Layout Palette

11

12.5 In loginFormContainer properties, uncheck Visible to hide the loginFormContainer at the start of the application being executed.

loginFormContainer Properties

Common properties

Align Horizontal
Center : 3

Align Vertical
Top : 1

Background Color
#673AB7FF

Clickable

Height
Fill parent

Width
Fill parent

Image
None

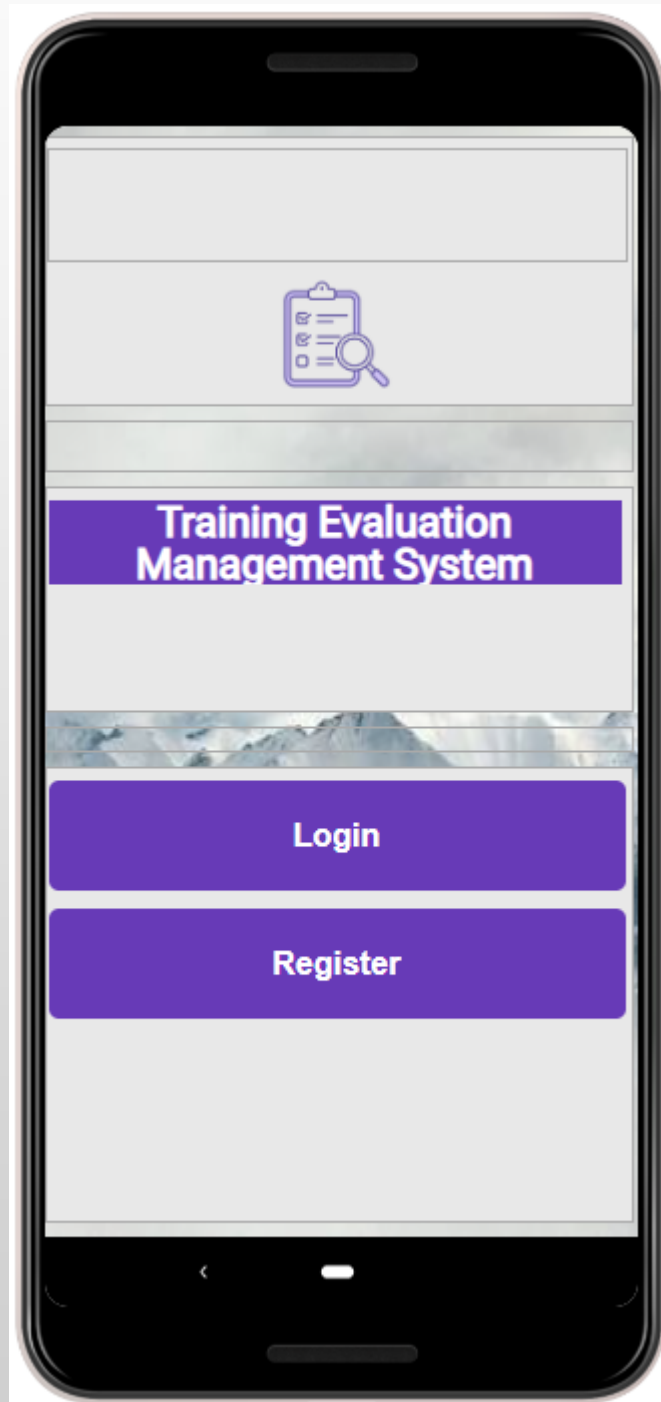
Scrollbar

Use Round Card

Visible

Is Card

Final User Interface Design



Preparing The **BLOCK**

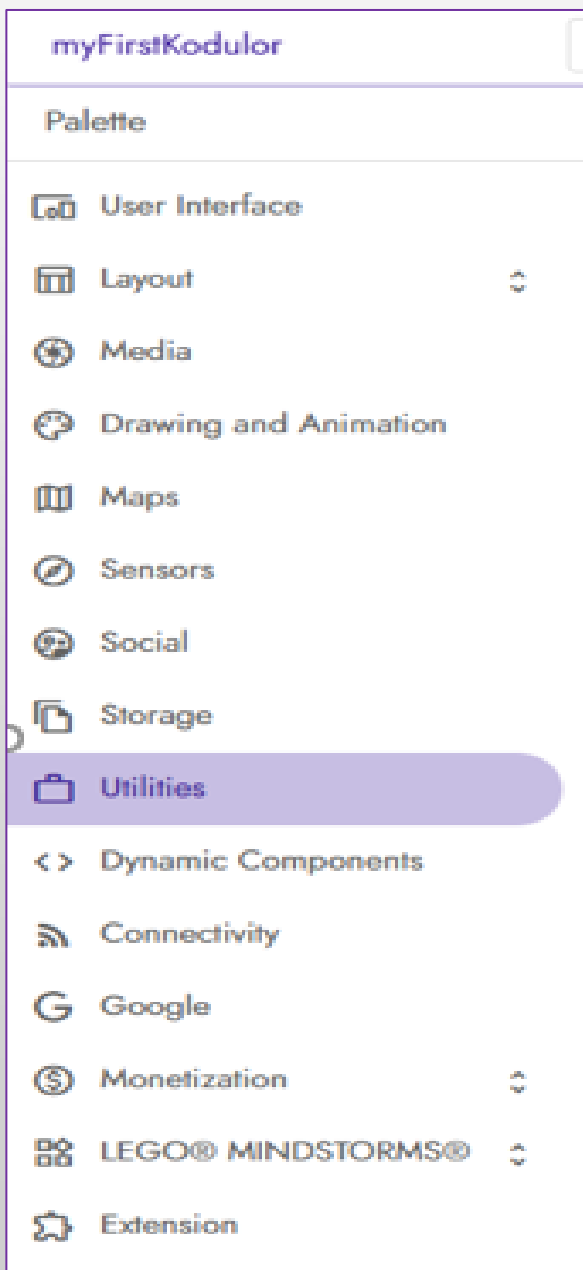


Preparing The Block

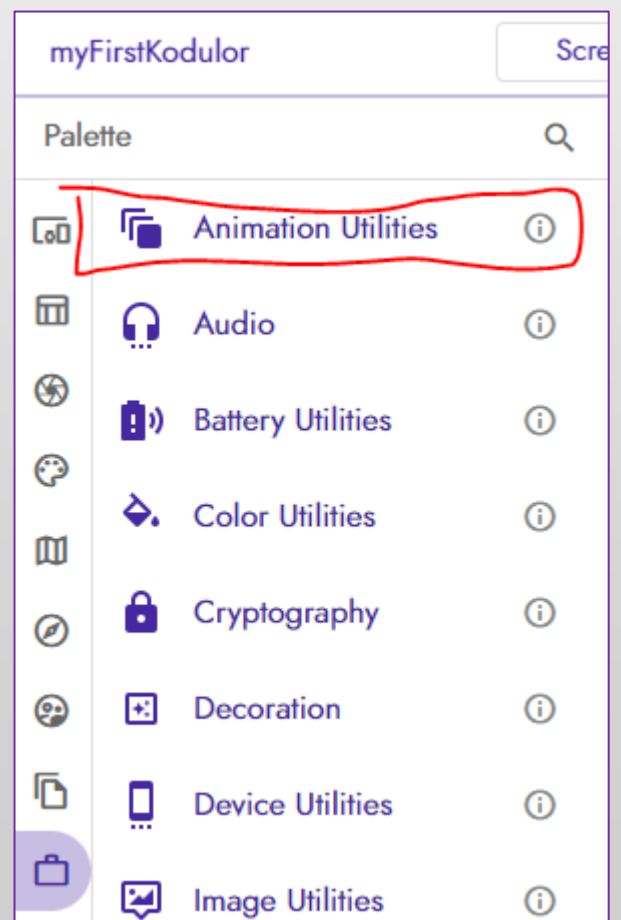
Palette Utilities

1

1.1 Choose from Palette Utilities



1.2 Drag the animation utilities component into application

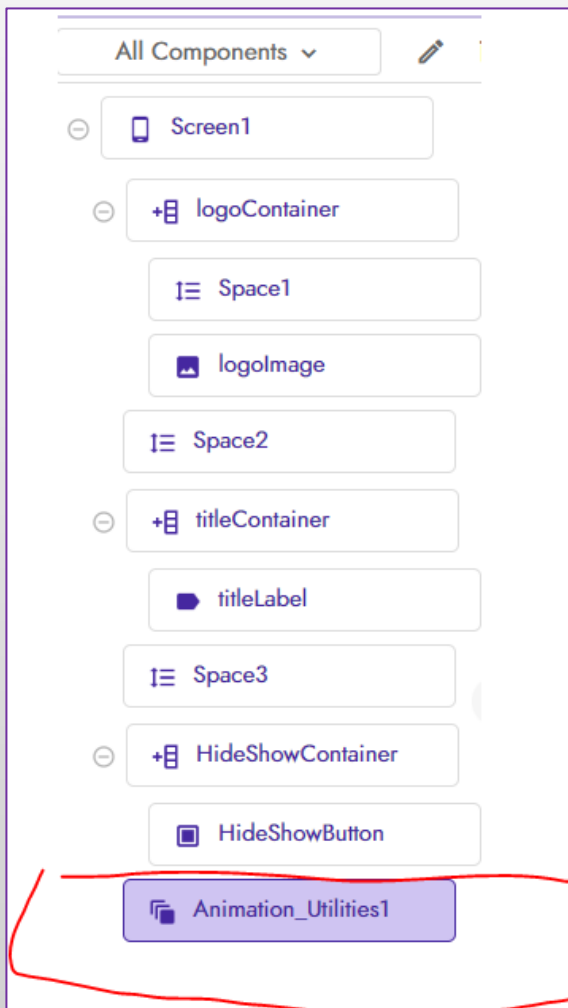


Preparing The Block

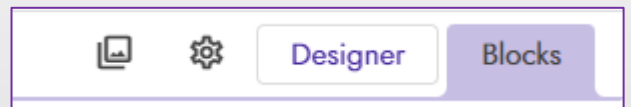
Palette Utilities

1

1.3 It will appear in All Components panel



1.4 Choose Block from the right panel

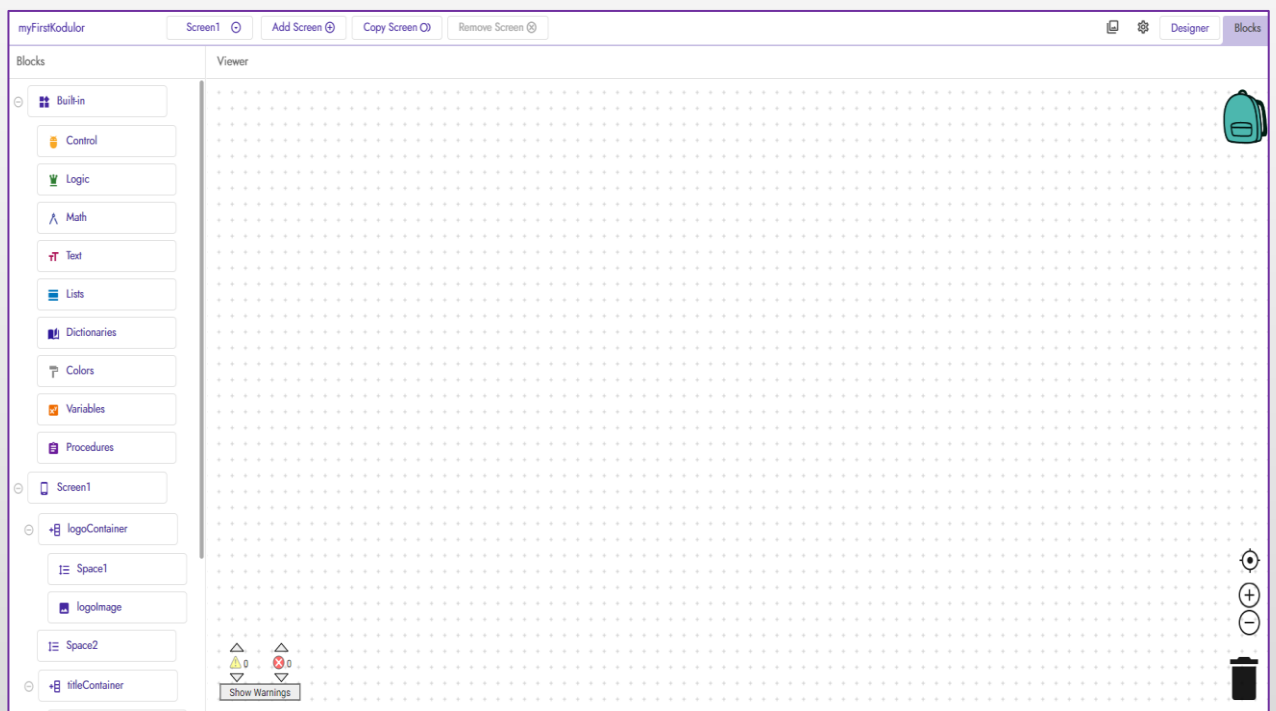


Preparing The Block

Palette Utilities

1

1.5 Viewer for writing the codes appear

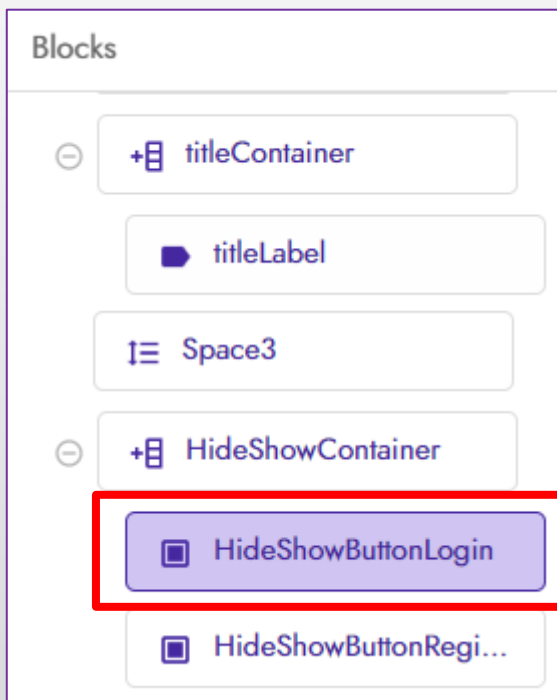


Preparing The Block

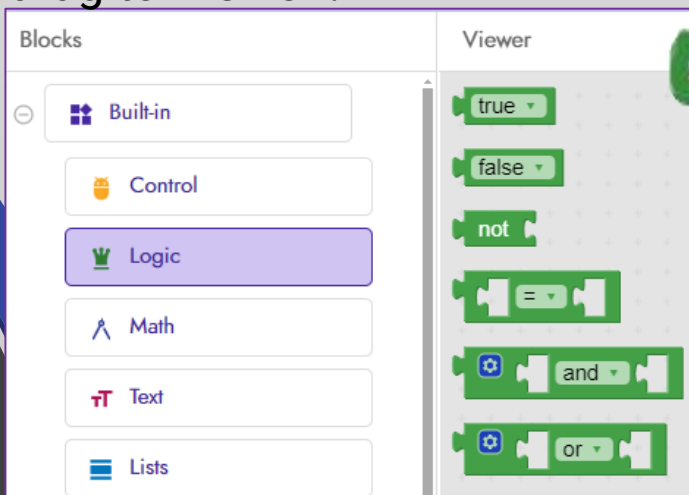
Block Utilities

1

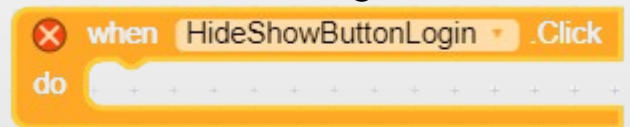
1.6 Choose HideShowButtonLogin from left Blocks panel



1.9a Choose block **false** from Logic blocks then drag to Viewer .



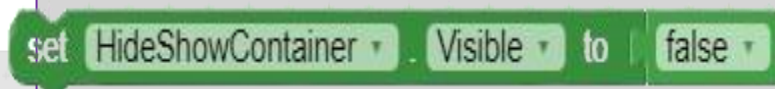
1.7 Choose following block from HideShowButtonLogin blocks then drag to Viewer.



1.8 Choose following block from HideShowContainer blocks then drag to Viewer.



1.9b Set block **false** to block set HideShowContainer



Preparing The Block

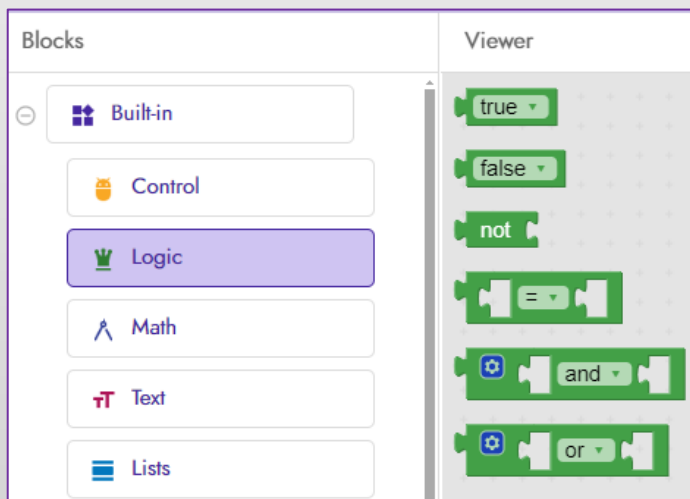
Block Utilities

1

1.9c Choose following block from loginFormContainer blocks then drag to Viewer.



1.9d Choose block **true** from Logic blocks then drag to Viewer .



1.9e Set block **true** to block set loginFormContainer



Preparing The Block

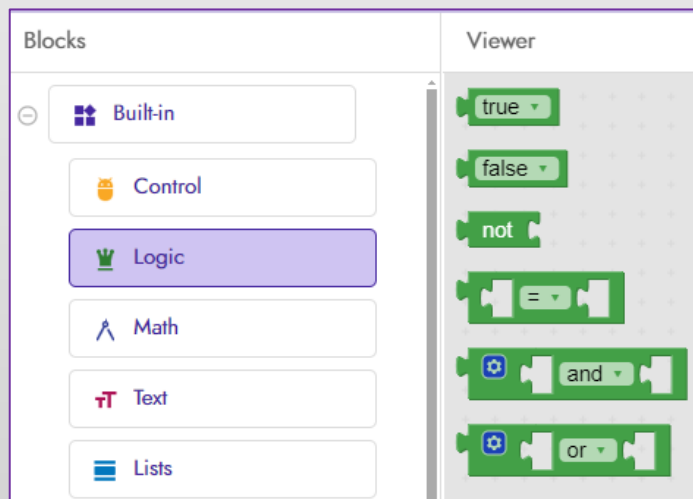
Block Utilities

1

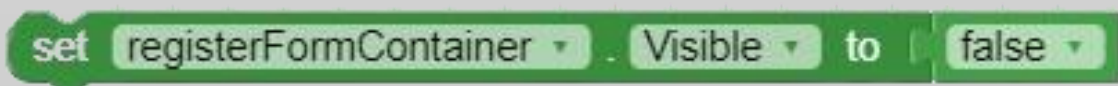
1.9f Choose following block from registerFormContainer blocks then drag to Viewer.



1.9g Choose block **false** from Logic blocks then drag to Viewer .



1.9h Set block **false** to block set registerFormContainer



Preparing The Block

Block Utilities

1

2.1a Choose following block from Animation_Uilities1 blocks then drag to Viewer.



2.1b Choose following block from loginFormContainer blocks then drag to Viewer.



2.1c Choose **THREE (3)** following blocks from Math blocks then drag to Viewer then set the values.



Preparing The Block

Animation to Hide
and Show Container

2

2.2 Then put all the blocks from 1.7 until 2.1c to complete the Code to hide and show loginFormContainer when button HideShowButtonLogin is clicked.

```
when HideShowButtonLogin .Click
do
  set HideShowContainer .Visible to false
  set loginFormContainer .Visible to true
  set registerFormContainer .Visible to false
  call Animation_Uilities1 .Bounce Vertical
    component loginFormContainer
    start Position 1000
    end Position 0
    duration 1500
```

Preparing The Block

Animation to Hide
and Show Container

2

2.3 Code to hide and show registerFormContainer when button HideShowButtonRegister is clicked.

```
when HideShowButtonRegister .Click
do
  set HideShowContainer .Visible to false
  set loginFormContainer .Visible to false
  set registerFormContainer .Visible to true
  call Animation_Utilities1 .Bounce Vertical
    component registerFormContainer
    start Position 1000
    end Position 0
    duration 1500
```

Repeat steps in slide 58 until 62 for code to hide and show registerFormContainer when button HideShowButtonRegister is clicked.

Preparing The Block

Animation to Hide
and Show Container

2

2.4 Code to close loginFormContainer when button closeLoginButton is clicked.

```
when closeLoginButton .Click
do
  set HideShowContainer .Visible to true
  set loginFormContainer .Visible to false
  set registerFormContainer .Visible to false
  call Animation_Uilities1 .Bounce Vertical
    component loginFormContainer
    start Position 1000
    end Position 0
    duration 1500
```

Repeat steps in slide 58 until 62 for code to close loginFormContainer when button closeLoginButton is clicked.

Preparing The Block

Animation to Hide
and Show Container

2

2.5 Code to close registerFormContainer when button closeRegisterButton is clicked.

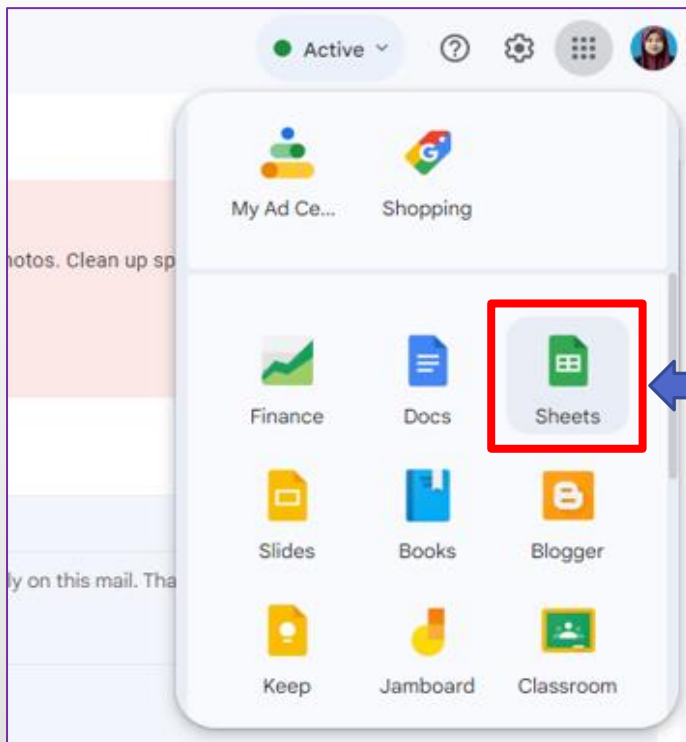
```
when closeRegisterButton .Click
do
  set HideShowContainer .Visible to true
  set loginFormContainer .Visible to false
  set registerFormContainer .Visible to false
  call Animation_Uilities1 .Bounce Vertical
    component HideShowContainer
    start Position 1000
    end Position 0
    duration 1500
```

Repeat steps in slide 58 until 62 for code to close registerFormContainer when button closeRegisterButton is clicked.

Preparing The **DATABASE**



Preparing The Database



1. Create Sheets Excel in your google account.

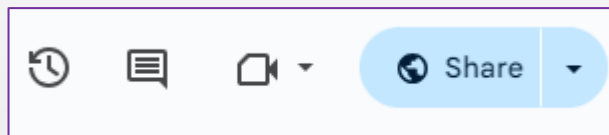
	A	B
1	txtUsername	txtPassword
2	madihah	madihah@123
3	ainul	ainul@123
4		
5		
6		

2a. Create TWO (2) columns which is first column, named as txtUsername and second column, named as txtPassword.

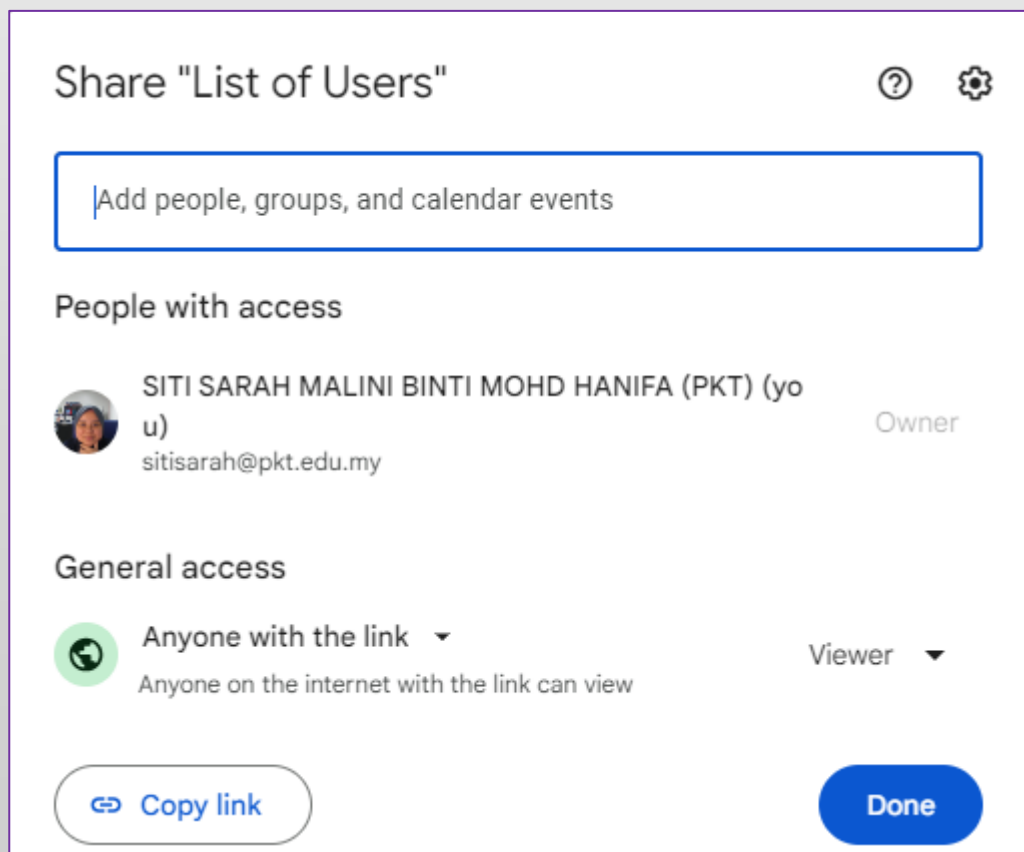
2b. Insert TWO (2) dummy data for both columns.

Preparing The Database

3. Share link Sheets Excel by clicking Share button on the top right of your google account.



4. Share link Sheets Excel, by choosing General access Anyone with the link, then click Copy link button and click Done button.

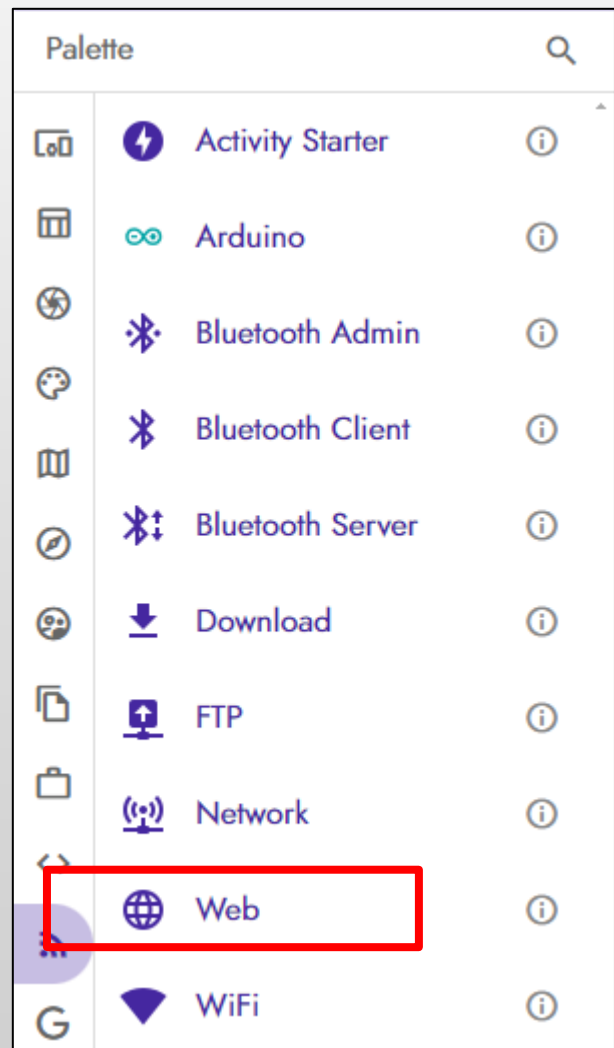
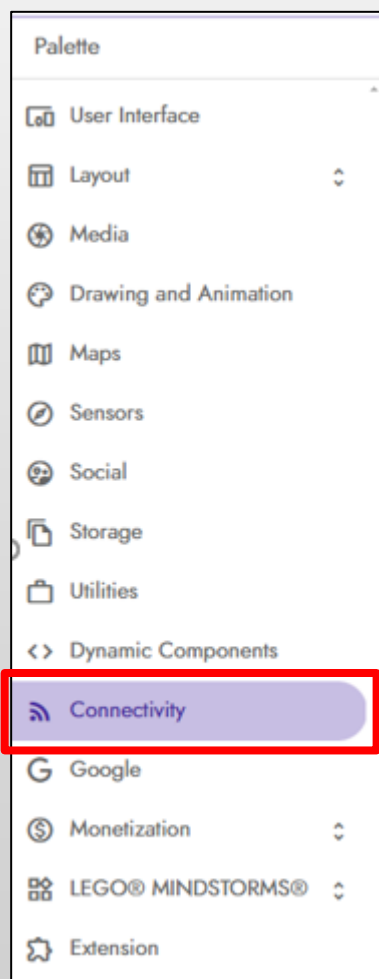


Preparing The **SETTING LOGIN UTILITIES**



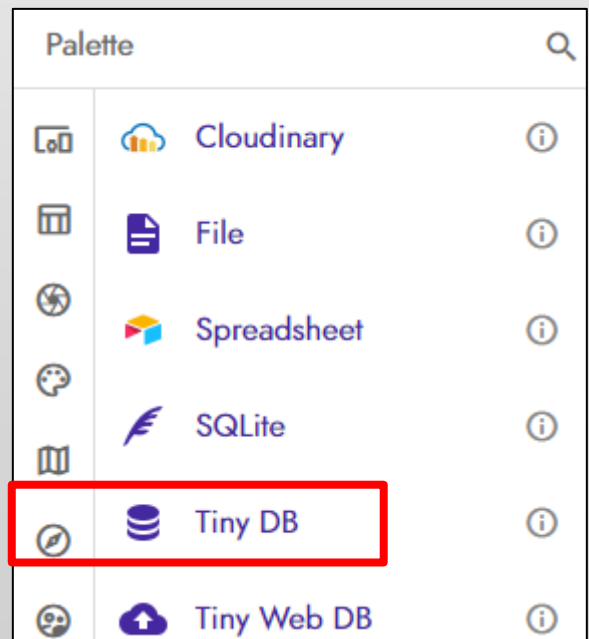
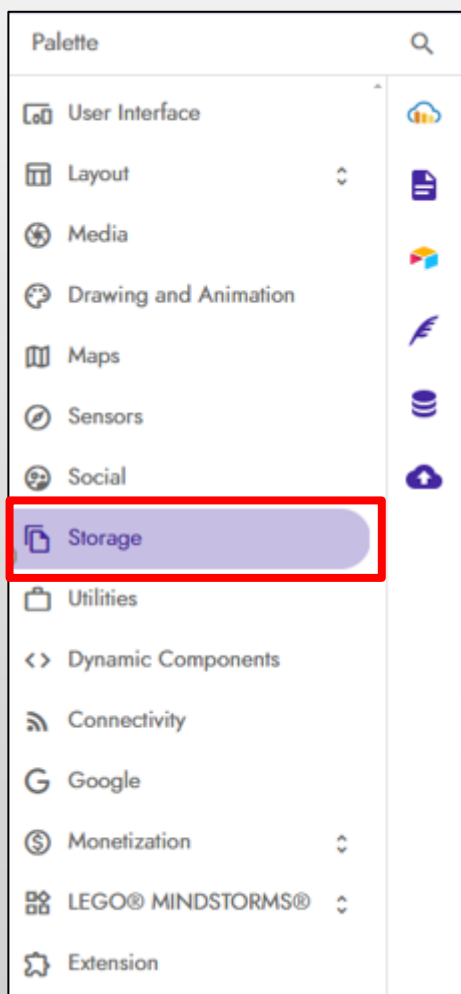
Preparing The Setting Login Utilities

1. Choose layout Palette from the left side, then choose Connectivity component and drag Web into Screen1.



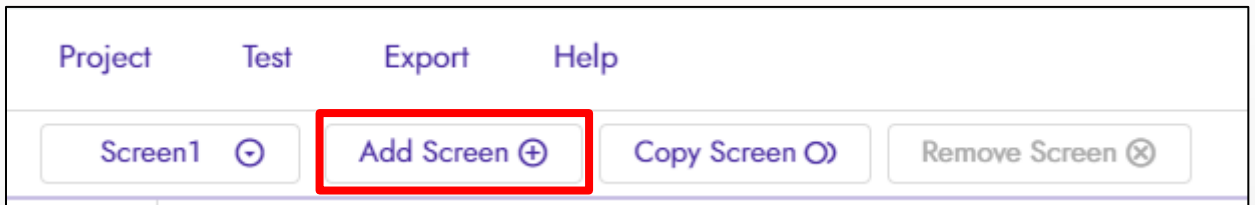
Preparing The Setting Login Utilities

2. Choose layout Palette from the left side, then choose Storage component and drag Tiny DB into Screen1

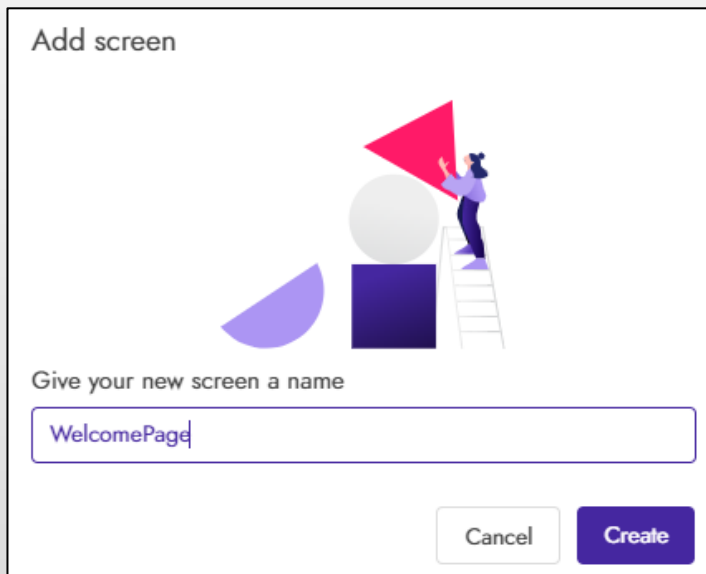


Preparing The Second Screen

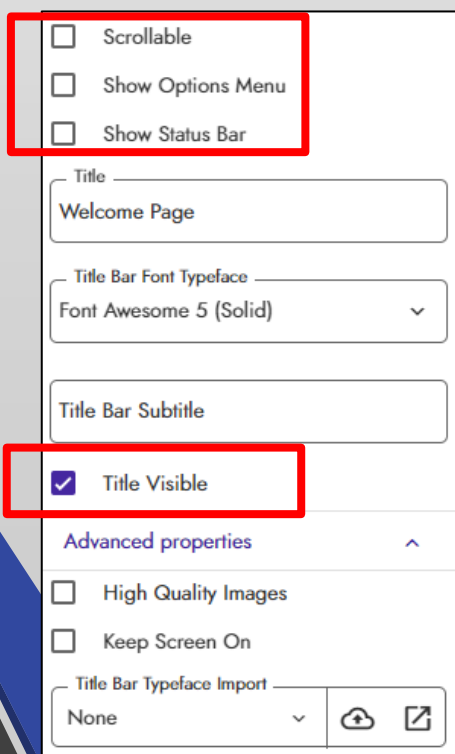
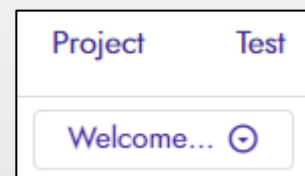
3a. Create second screen.



3b. Create second screen named as WelcomePage.



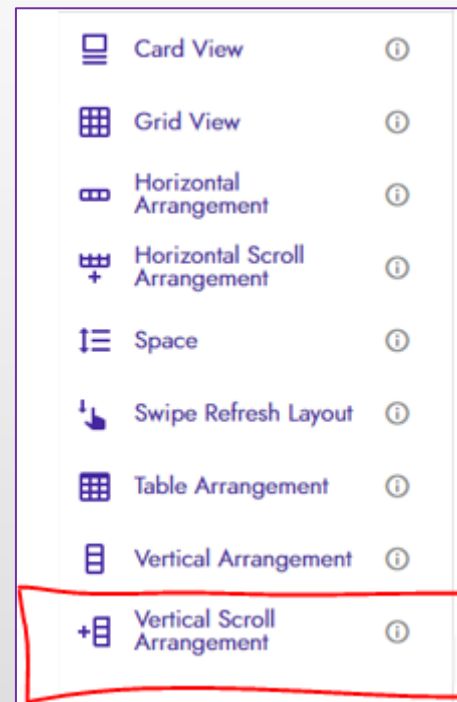
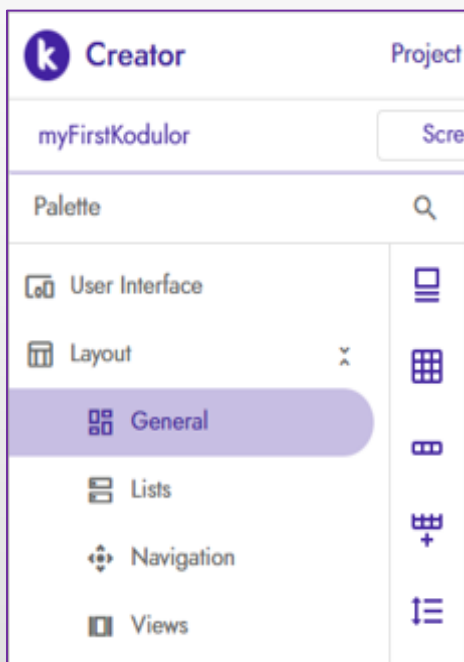
3c. Click the WelcomePage screen find the background image, then choose image.



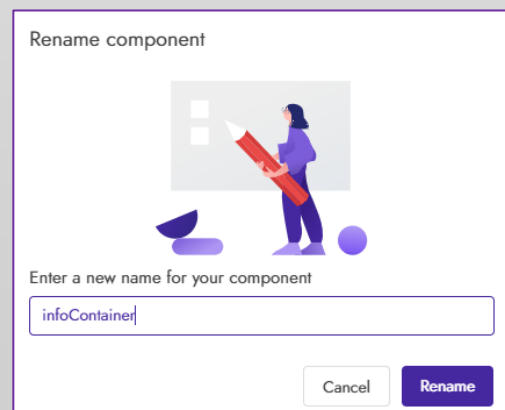
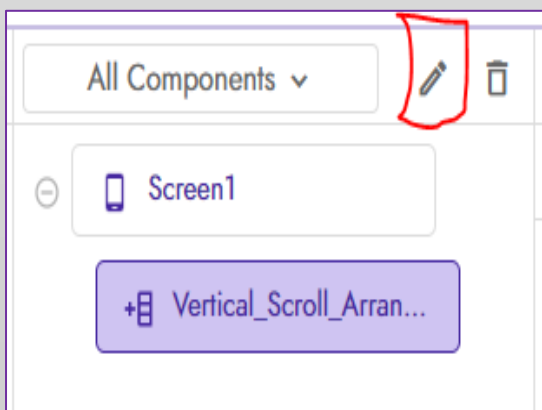
3d. In WelcomePage screen Properties, uncheck the Scrollable, Show Options Menu and Show Status Bar, the check Title Visible.

Preparing The Second Screen

4. Choose layout palette from the left side, then choose Vertical Scroll Arrangement component and drag into the WelcomePage screen.



5. Rename the component into "infoContainer".



Preparing The Second Screen

6. Setting the infoContainer properties.

infoContainer Properties

Common properties

Align Horizontal
Center : 3

Align Vertical
Top : 1

Background Color
#00000000

Clickable

Height
Automatic

Width
Fill parent

Image
None

Scrollbar

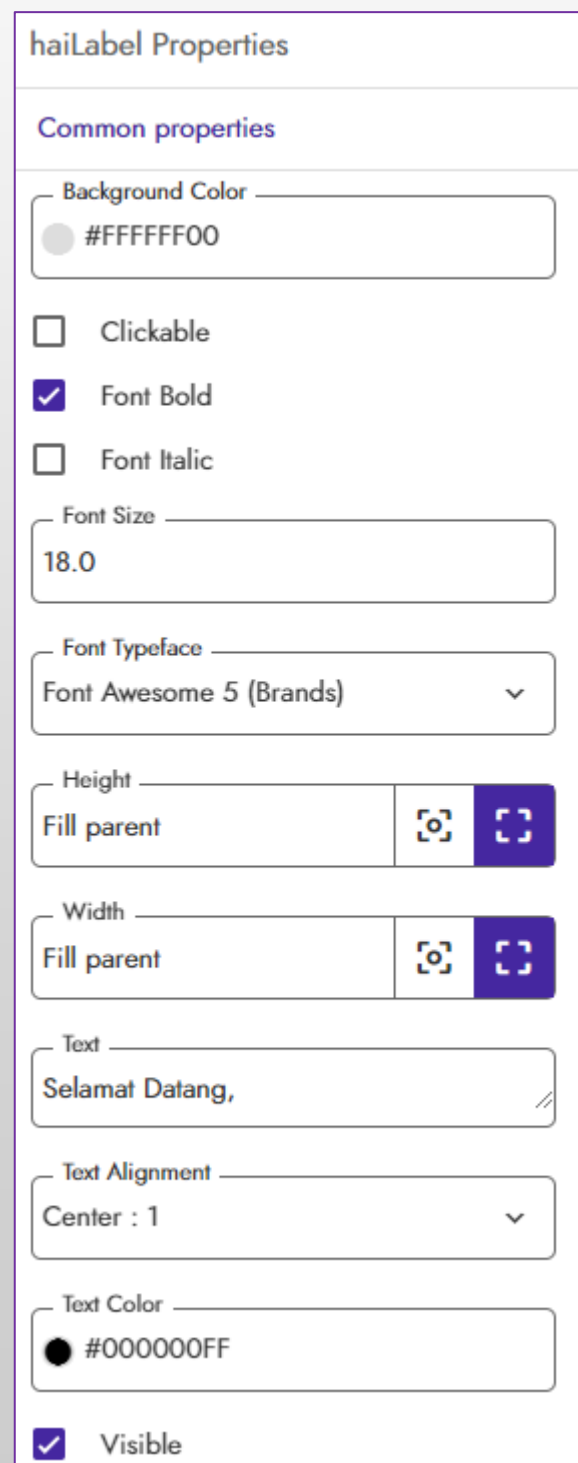
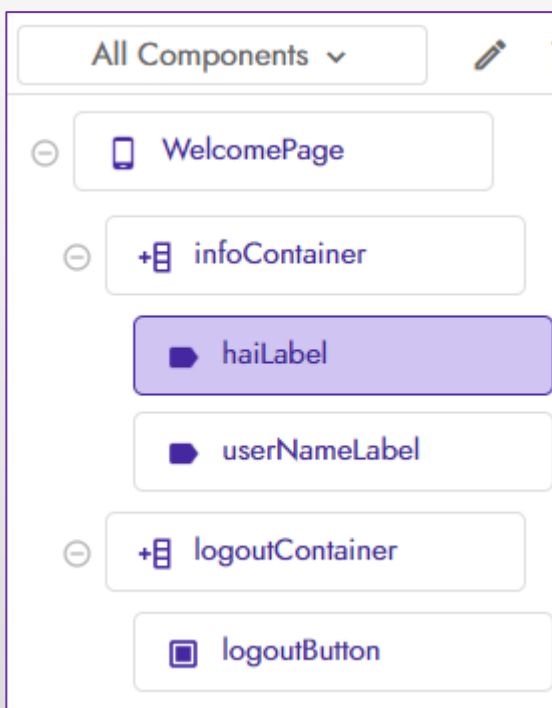
Use Round Card

Visible

Is Card

Preparing The Second Screen

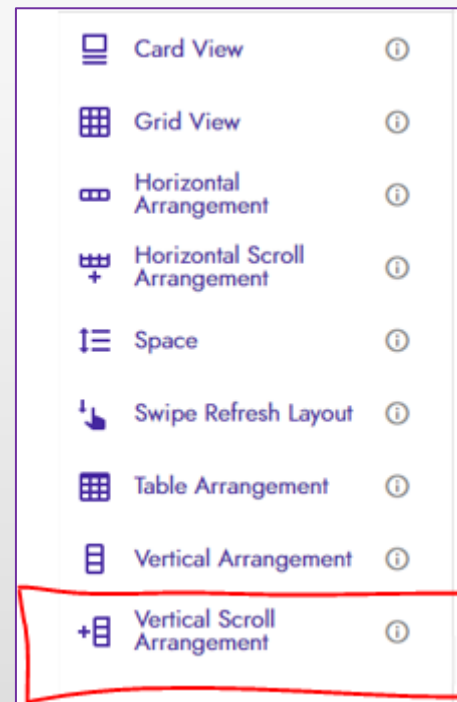
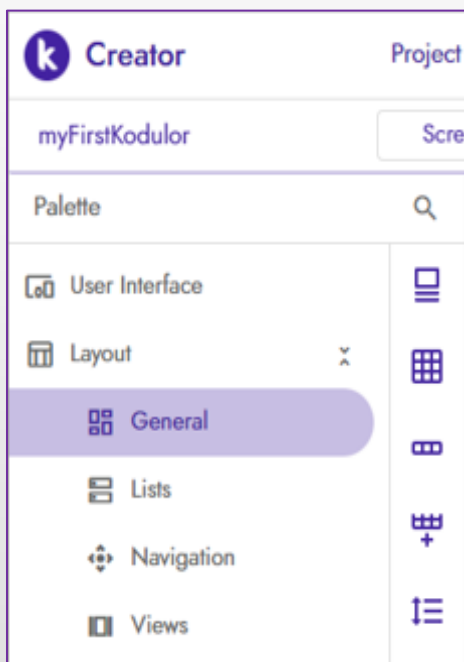
7. Choose layout palette from the left side, then choose User Interface and drag Label component into the infoContainer in WelcomePage screen. Then, rename the Label component to haiLabel and setting the haiLabel properties.



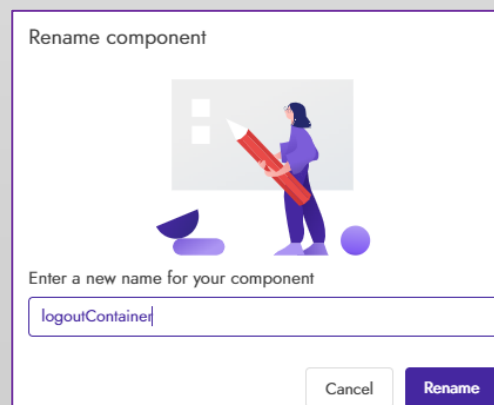
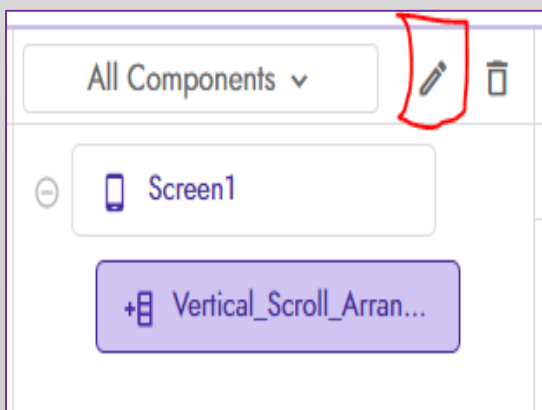
Repeat step 7, for next Label component, rename it as userNameLabel.

Preparing The Second Screen

8. Choose layout palette from the left side, then choose Vertical Scroll Arrangement component and drag into the WelcomePage screen.



9. Rename the component into "logoutContainer".



Preparing The Second Screen

10. Setting the logoutContainer properties.

logoutContainer Properties

Common properties

Align Horizontal
Center : 3

Align Vertical
Top : 1

Background Color
#00000000

Clickable

Height
Automatic

Width
Fill parent

Image
None

Scrollbar

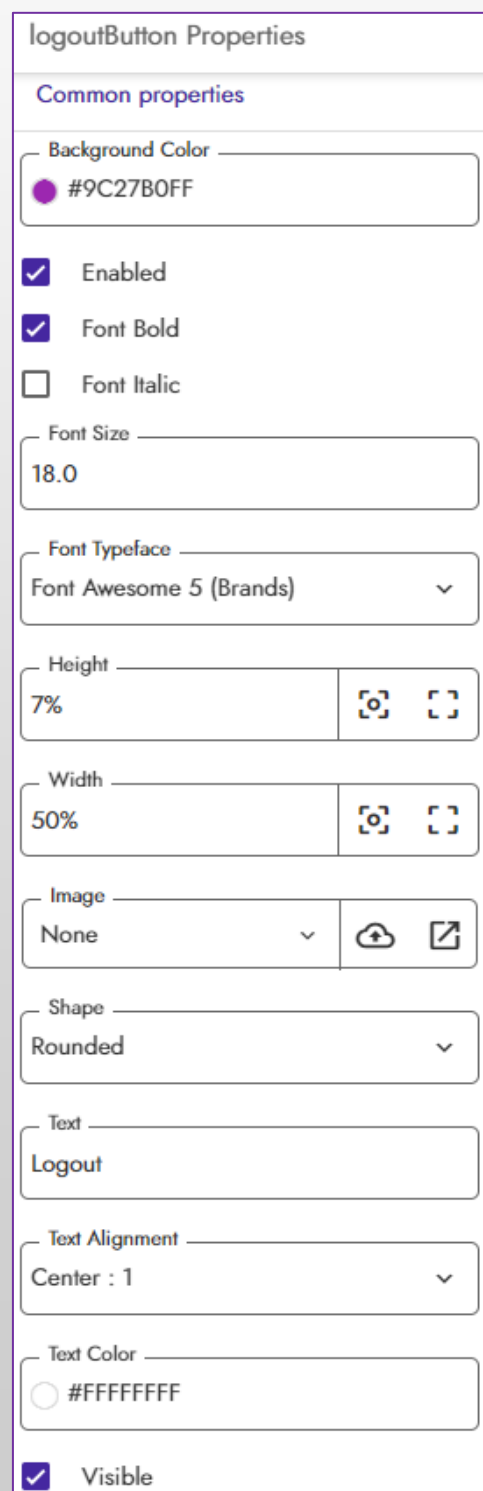
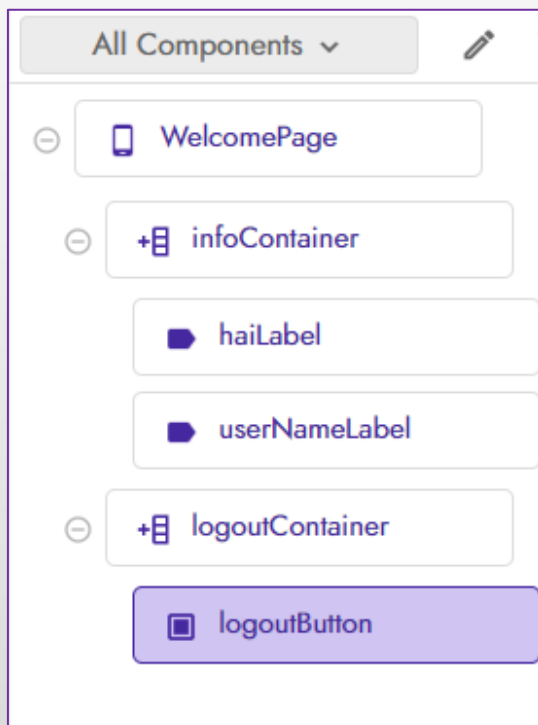
Use Round Card

Visible

Is Card

Preparing The Second Screen

11. Choose layout palette from the left side, then choose User Interface and drag Button component into the logoutContainer in WelcomePage screen. Then, rename the button component to logoutButton and setting the logoutButton properties.

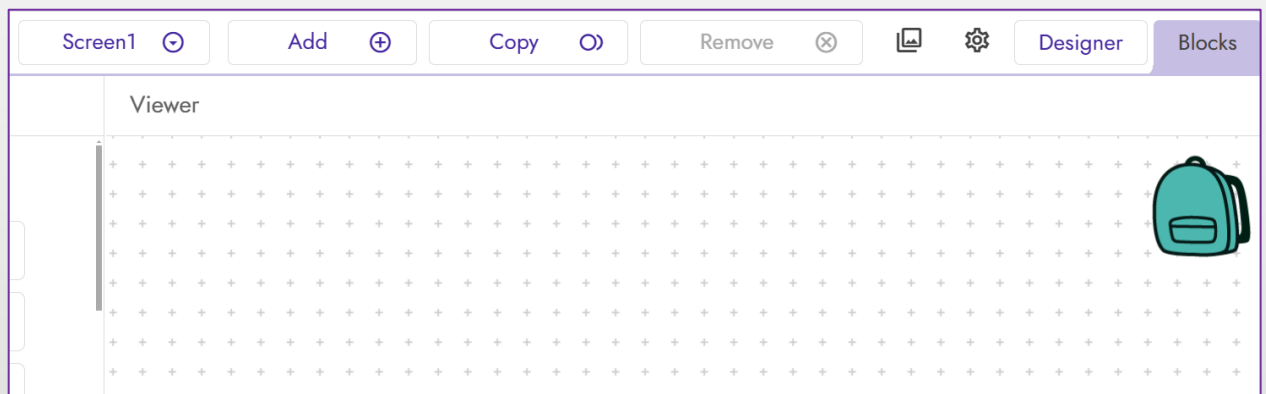


Preparing The Block

Login Process

1

1. Coding for Login process will be write in Viewer Block of Screen1.



2. Choose **THREE (3)** following blocks from Variables blocks, then drag to viewer.

initialize global to

3. Choose **THREE (3)** following blocks from Lists blocks, then drag to viewer.

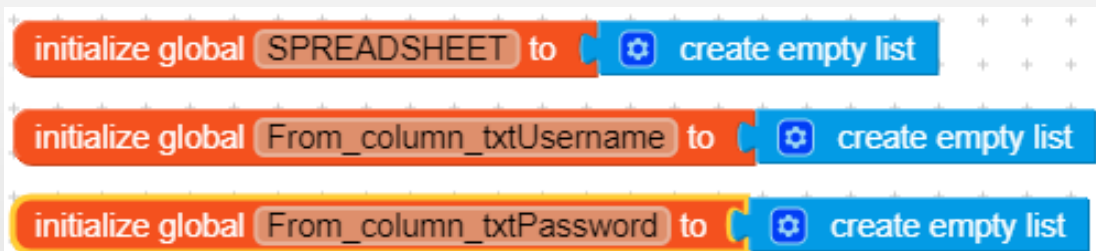
create empty list

Preparing The Block

Login Process

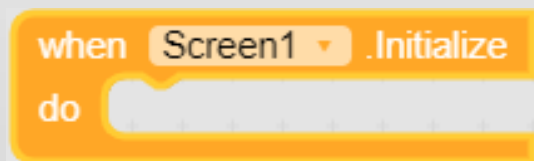
1

4. Initialize each block with the following values, then set each initialized block with following Lists blocks.



```
initialize global SPREADSHEET to create empty list
initialize global From_column_txtUsername to create empty list
initialize global From_column_txtPassword to create empty list
```

5. Choose following blocks from Screen1 blocks, then drag to viewer.



```
when Screen1 .Initialize
do
```

- 6a. Choose following blocks from Web1 blocks, then drag to viewer.



```
set Web1 . URL to
```

- 6b. Choose following blocks from Text blocks, then drag to viewer.



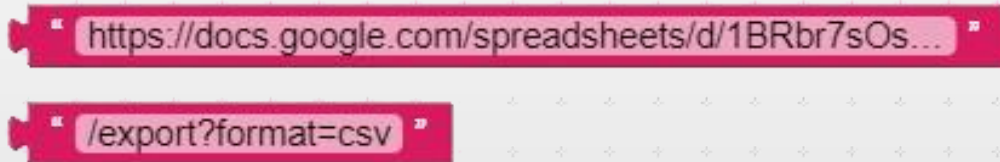
```
join
```

Preparing The Block

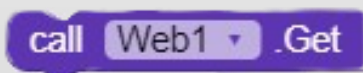
Login Process

1

6c. Choose **TWO (2)** following blocks from Text blocks, then drag to viewer. Put the link of Sheet Excel in first block and the following syntax in second block.



6d. Choose following blocks from Web1 blocks, then drag to viewer.



7. Complete Code when initialize Screen1 by calling link Sheet Excel (*refer setting database utilities – page 65*)



Preparing The **STORAGE**



Preparing The Storage

To Store Data to Tiny_DB1 Storage

1

1a. Choose following block from Web1 blocks drag to Viewer.



1b. Choose following block from Variables blocks and drag to Viewer then set global SPREADSHEET.



1c. Choose following block from Lists blocks drag to Viewer.



Preparing The Storage

To Store Data to Tiny_DB1 Storage

1

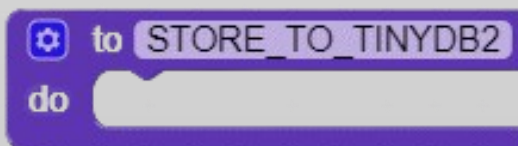
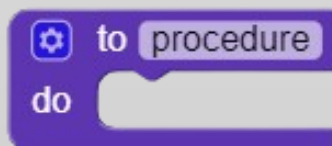
1d. Choose following block from Variables blocks then drag to Viewer and get response Content.



1e. Choose following block from Procedures block and drag to Viewer.



1f. Choose following block from Procedures blocks, then drag to Viewer and changes procedures to STORE_TO_TINYDB.

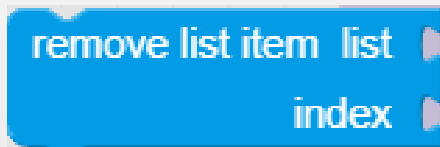


Preparing The Storage

To Store Data to Tiny_DB1 Storage

1

1g. Choose following block from Lists blocks, then drag to Viewer. Duplicate



1h. Choose following block from Variables blocks then drag to Viewer and get global SPREADSHEET.



1i. Choose following block from Math blocks then drag to Viewer and set value 1.

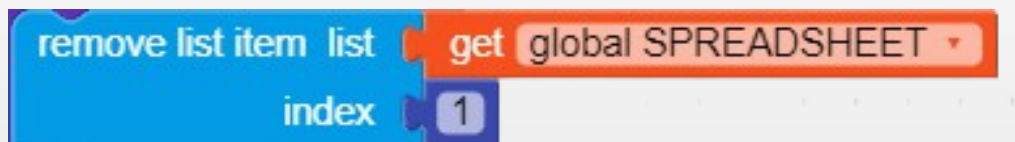


Preparing The Storage

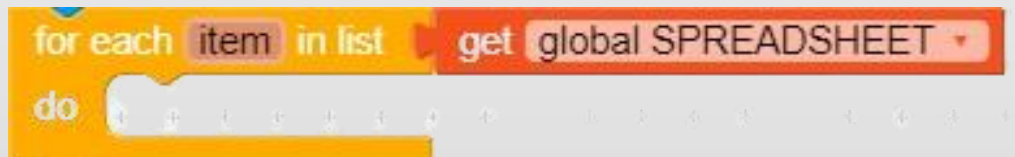
To Store Data to Tiny_DB1 Storage

1

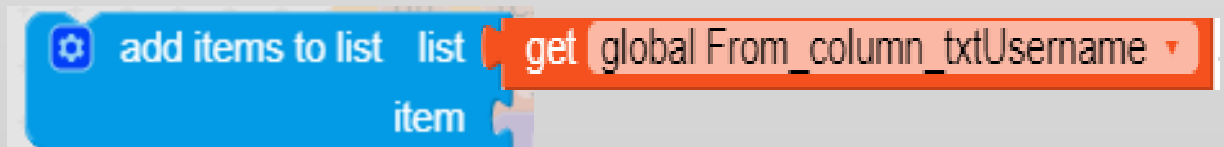
1j. Combine the following blocks.



1k. Choose following block from Control blocks then drag to Viewer and Get global SPREADSHEET



1l. Choose following block from Lists blocks then drag to Viewer and set get global From_column_txtUsername

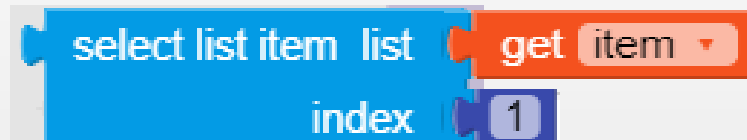


Preparing The Storage

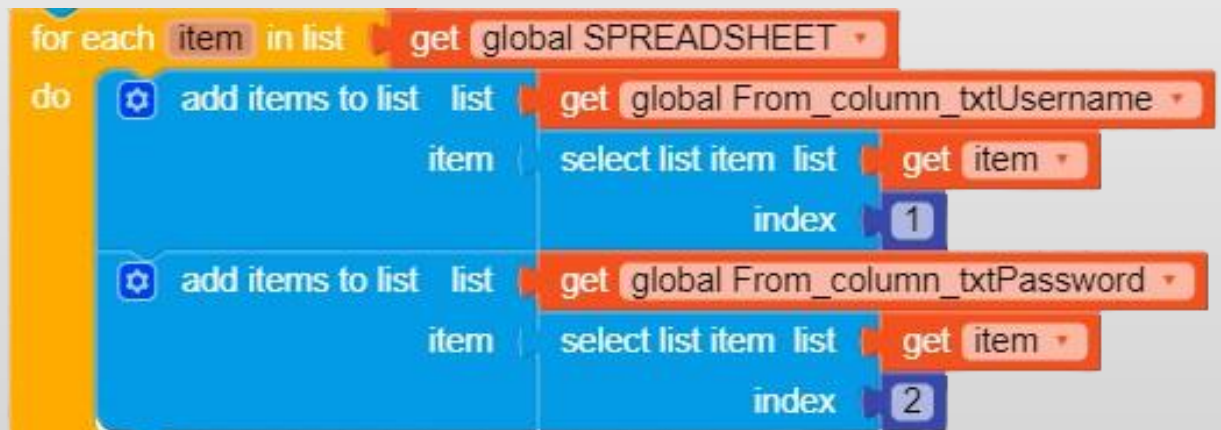
To Store Data to Tiny_DB1 Storage

1

1m. Choose and combine the following blocks.



1n. Full code for retrieving both columns name from link Sheet



Preparing The Storage

To Store Data to Tiny_DB1 Storage

1

1o. Full code for reading data in each line of row from link Sheet Excel

```
when Web1 Got Text
  url response Code response Type response Content
do set global SPREADSHEET to list from csv table text get response Content
  call STORE_TO_TINYDB
```

Preparing The Storage

To Store Data to Tiny_DB1 Storage

1

1p. Complete codes To Store Data to Tiny_DB1 Storage

```
to STORE_TO_TINYDB
do
  remove list item list get global SPREADSHEET
  index 1
  for each item in list get global SPREADSHEET
  do
    add items to list list get global From_column_txtUsername
    item select list item list get item
    index 1
    add items to list list get global From_column_txtPassword
    item select list item list get item
    index 2
  for each number from 1
  to length of list list get global SPREADSHEET
  by 1
  do
    call Tiny_DB1 .Store Value
    tag select list item list get global From_column_txtUsername
    index get number
    value To Store make a list select list item list get global From_column_txtPassword
    index get number
```

Preparing The Storage

Code For Login Process

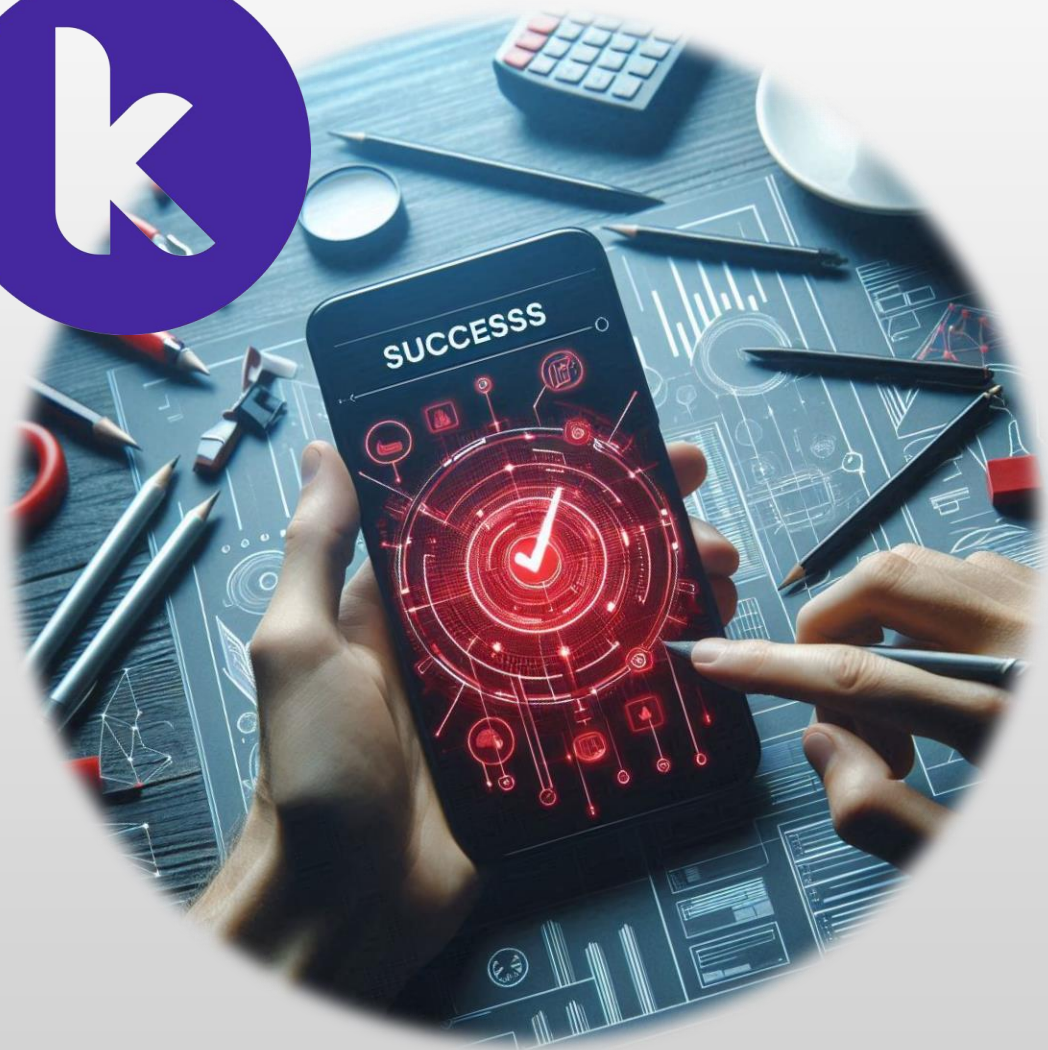
2

2a. Complete codes for Login Process to allow user to access Welcome Page when username and Password exists in link Sheet Excel.



```
when loginButton Click
do
  if txtUsername Text is empty
  then
    call Notifier1 Show Alert
    notice Please Fill In Username
  else
    if not contains text call Tiny_DB1 Get Entries
    piece txtUsername Text
    then
      call Notifier1 Show Alert
      notice Wrong Username!!
    else
      if txtPassword Text is empty
      then
        call Notifier1 Show Alert
        notice Please Fill In Password!!
      else
        if select list item list call Tiny_DB1 Get Value
        tag txtUsername Text
        value If Tag Not There
        index 1
        = txtPassword Text
        then
          call Notifier1 Show Alert
          notice Success
          open another screen with start value screenName WelcomePage
          startValue txtUsername Text
        else
          call Notifier1 Show Alert
          notice Not Success
```

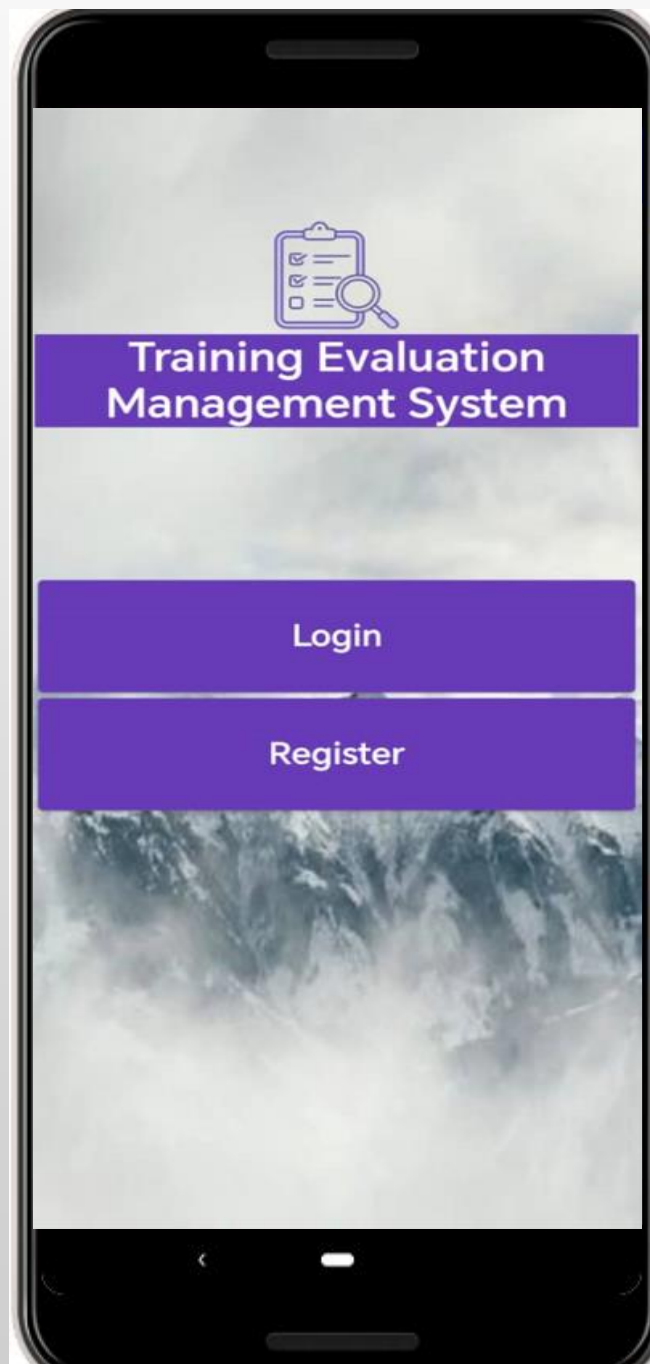
Successfully **BUILT**



Application Successfully Built

Main Interface

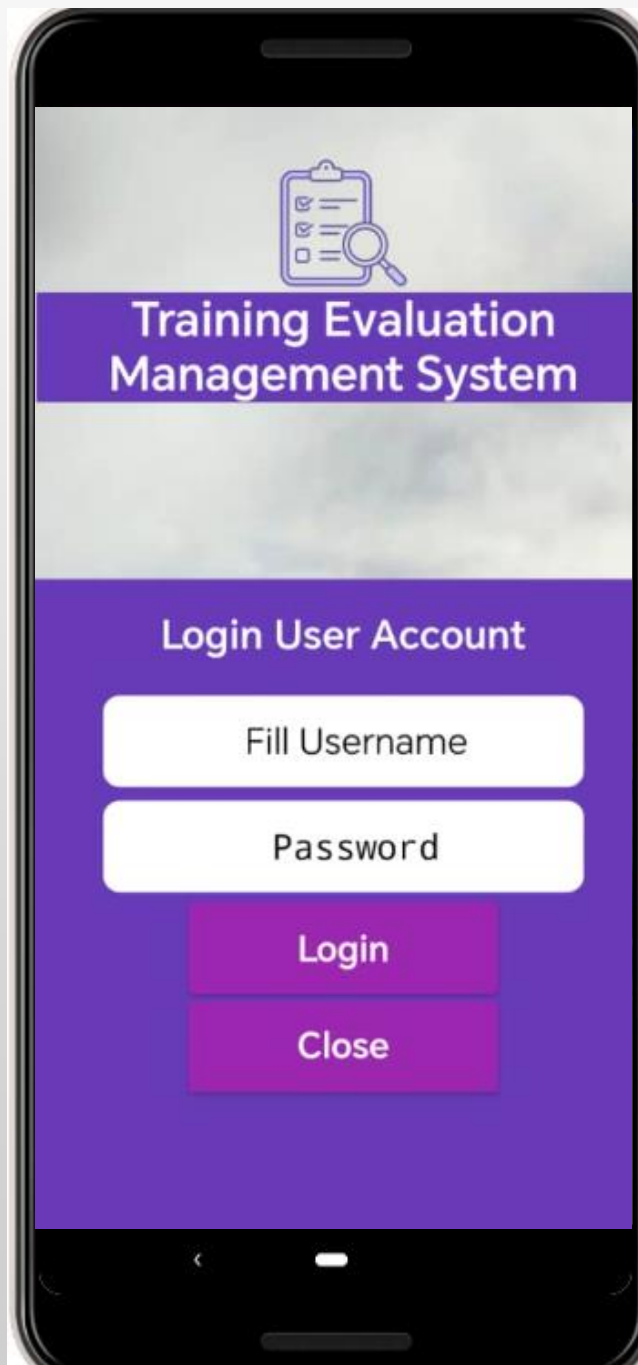
3



Application Successfully Built

Interface for Login

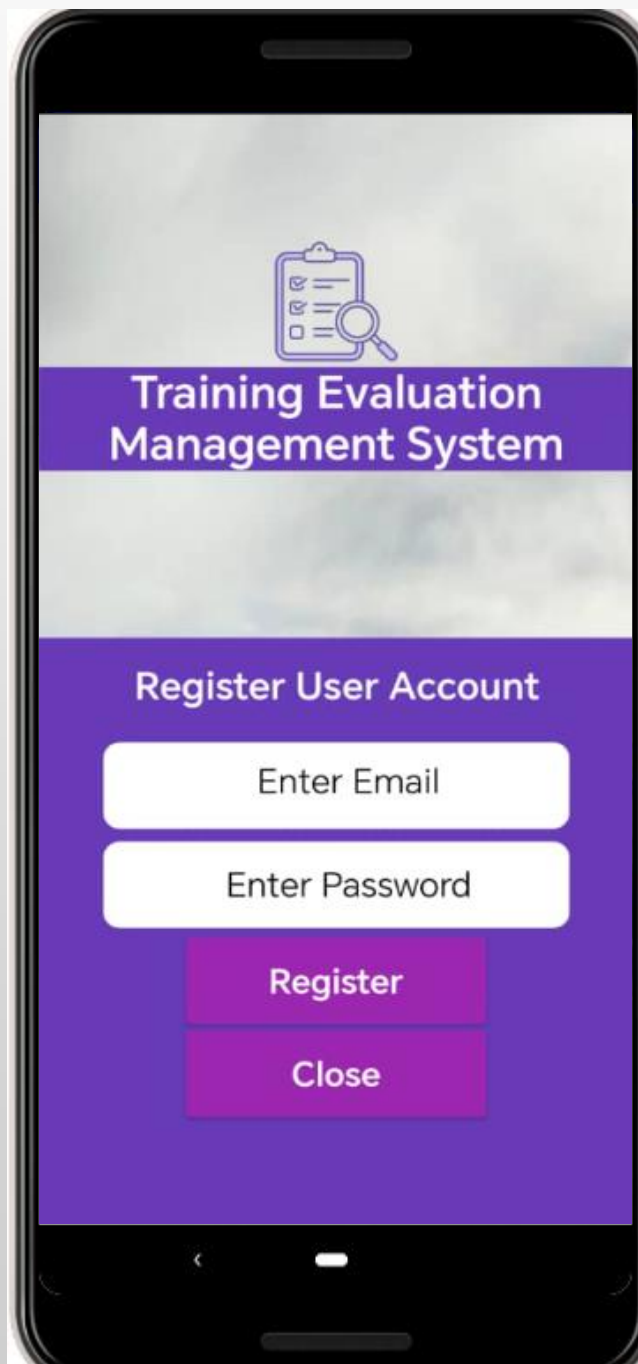
3



Application Successfully Built

Interface for Register

3



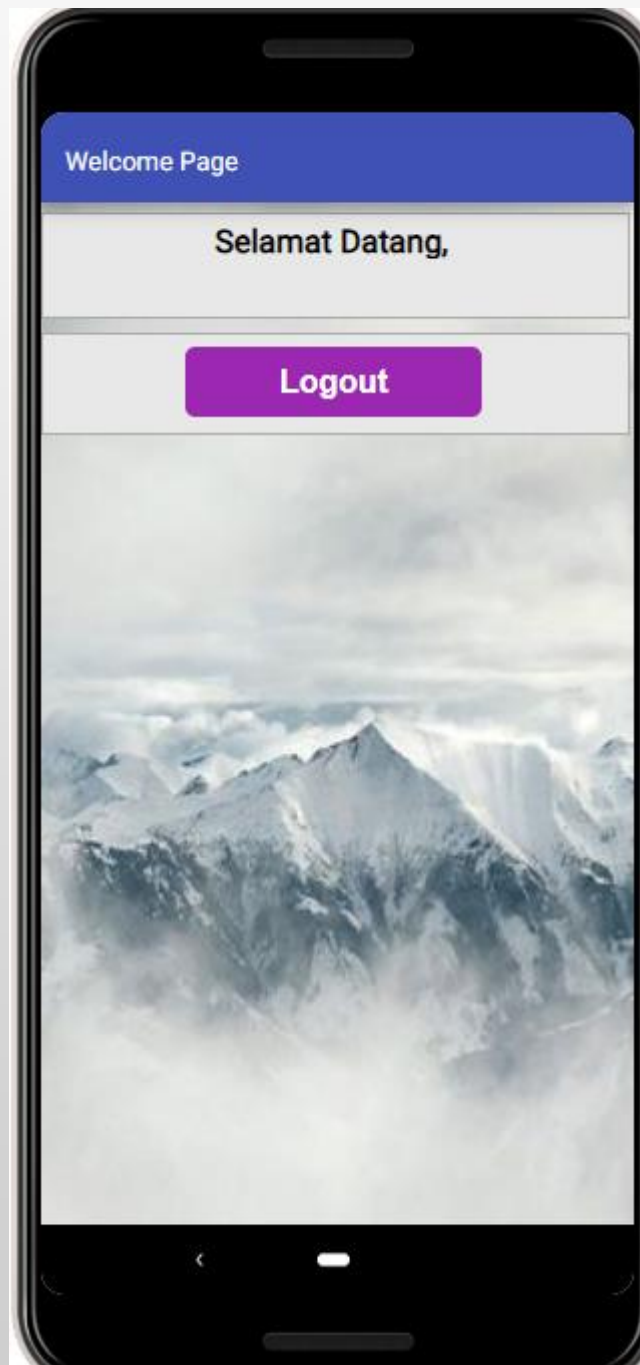
The image shows a smartphone screen with a registration form. At the top, there is a purple header with a white icon of a clipboard and a magnifying glass. Below the icon, the text "Training Evaluation Management System" is displayed in white. The main content area has a purple background and contains the text "Register User Account" in white. Below this text are four input fields: "Enter Email", "Enter Password", "Register", and "Close". The "Enter Email" and "Enter Password" fields are white with rounded corners. The "Register" and "Close" buttons are purple with white text.



Application Successfully Built

Interface for Welcome Page

3





Notes

Kodular is a user-friendly drag-and-drop mobile app development platform designed for creating Android applications without the need for coding. It provides an intuitive interface where users can design app layouts by simply dragging and dropping various components. With its visual programming environment, users can create app functionalities by connecting blocks, eliminating the need for writing code manually. Kodular offers a wide range of components, including buttons, text boxes, sensors, and more, enabling users to build feature-rich apps easily. Additionally, Kodular facilitates real-time testing through its companion app, allowing developers to instantly see how their apps behave on Android devices. The platform also supports the use of extensions for incorporating advanced functionalities into apps. Being a cloud-based platform, Kodular allows users to access and work on their projects from any device with an internet connection. It offers comprehensive documentation and active community support, making it suitable for both beginners and experienced developers looking to create Android apps quickly and efficiently.



KODULAR CREATOR FOR BEGINNER

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